

THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
ADVANCE COPY 1987 ACTS AND RESOLVES
MICHAEL JOSEPH CONNOLLY, SECRETARY OF STATE

ACTS, 1987. - Chaps. 684, 685.

principal place of employment within the commonwealth, and all persons included in section four C, coverage for nonprescription enteral formulas for home use, for which a physician has issued a written order and which are medically necessary for the treatment of malabsorption caused by Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis.

SECTION 4. Chapter 176G of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 4C, inserted by section 50 of chapter 465 of the acts of 1987, the following section:-

Section 4D. Any group health maintenance contract shall provide coverage for nonprescription enteral formulas for home use as set forth in section forty-seven I of chapter one hundred and seventy-five.

Approved January 6, 1988.

Chapter 684. AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE NEW SALEM-WENDELL SCHOOL DISTRICT TO AWARD CONTRACTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITIONS AND RENOVATIONS TO THE SWIFT RIVER SCHOOL TO CERTAIN CONTRACTORS.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Notwithstanding the single project maximum set forth in a certificate of eligibility of a contractor issued by the deputy commissioner of the division of capital planning and operations, or his designee, under the provisions of section forty-four D of chapter one hundred and forty-nine of the General Laws, the New Salem-Wendell School District may award any contract for the construction of additions and renovations to the Swift River school in the calendar year nineteen hundred and eighty-eight to any contractor who has a certificate of eligibility, provided the contract award amount is within the aggregate rating limit in the certificate of eligibility of such contractor.

Approved January 6, 1988.

Chapter 685. AN ACT FURTHER REGULATING CERTAIN ZONING LAWS.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 40A of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 1A, as appearing in the 1986 Official Edition, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 1A. As used in this chapter the following words shall have the following meanings:

"Permit granting authority", the board of appeals or zoning administrator.

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"Solar access", the access of a solar energy system to direct sunlight.
"Solar energy system", a device or structural design feature, a substantial purpose of which is to provide daylight for interior lighting or provide for the collection, storage and distribution of solar energy for space heating or cooling, electricity generating, or water heating.

"Special permit granting authority", shall include the board of selectmen, city council, board of appeals, planning board, or zoning administrators as designated by zoning ordinance or by-law for the issuance of special permits.

"Zoning", ordinances and by-laws, adopted by cities and towns to regulate the use of land, buildings and structures to the full extent of the independent constitutional powers of cities and towns to protect the health, safety and general welfare of their present and future inhabitants.

"Zoning administrator", a person designated by the board of appeals pursuant to section thirteen to assume certain duties of said board.

SECTION 2. Section two of said chapter forty A is hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. Said chapter 40A is hereby further amended by striking out section 5, as so appearing, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 5. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may be adopted and from time to time changed by amendment, addition or repeal, but only in the manner hereinafter provided. Adoption or change of zoning ordinances or by-laws may be initiated by the submission to the city council or board of selectmen of a proposed zoning ordinance or by-law by a city council, a board of selectmen, a board of appeals, by an individual owning land to be affected by change or adoption, by request of registered voters of a town pursuant to section ten of chapter thirty-nine, by ten registered voters in a city, by a planning board, by a regional planning agency or by other methods provided by municipal charter. The board of selectmen or city council shall within fourteen days of receipt of such zoning ordinance or by-law submit it to the planning board for review.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted until after the planning board in a city or town, and the city council or a committee designated or appointed for the purpose by said council has each held a public hearing thereon, together or separately, at which interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. Said public hearing shall be held within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the planning board by the city council or selectmen or if there is none, within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the city council or selectmen. Notice of the time and place of such public hearing, of the subject matter, sufficient for identification, and of the place where texts and maps thereof may be inspected shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town once in each of two successive weeks, the first publication to be not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing, and by posting such notice in a

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conspicuous place in the city or town hall for a period of not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing. Notice of said hearing shall also be sent by mail, postage prepaid to the department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, if any, and to the planning board of each abutting cities and towns. The department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, the planning boards of all abutting cities and towns and nonresident property owners who may not have received notice by mail as specified in this section may grant a waiver of notice or submit an affidavit of actual notice to the city or town clerk prior to town meeting or city council action on a proposed zoning ordinance, by-law or change thereto. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may provide that a separate, conspicuous statement shall be included with property tax bills sent to nonresident property owners, stating that notice of such hearings under this chapter shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid, to any such owner who files an annual request for such notice with the city or town clerk no later than January first, and pays a reasonable fee established by such ordinance or by-law. In cases involving boundary, density or use changes within a district, notice shall be sent to any such nonresident property owner who has filed such a request with the city or town clerk and whose property lies in the district where the change is sought. No defect in the form of any notice under this chapter shall invalidate any zoning ordinances or by-laws unless such defect is found to be misleading.

No vote to adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be taken until a report with recommendations by a planning board has been submitted to the town meeting or city council, or twenty-one days after said hearing has elapsed without submission of such report. After such notice, hearing and report, or after twenty-one days shall have elapsed after such hearing without submission of such report, a city council or town meeting may adopt, reject, or amend and adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law. If a city council fails to vote to adopt any proposed ordinance within ninety days after the city council hearing or if a town meeting fails to vote to adopt any proposed by-law within six months after the planning board hearing, no action shall be taken thereon until after a subsequent public hearing is held with notice and report as provided.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted or changed except by a two-thirds vote of all the members of the town council, or of the city council where there is a commission form of government or a single branch, or of each branch where there are two branches, or by a two-thirds vote of a town meeting; provided, however, that if in a city or town with a council of fewer than twenty-five members there is filed with the clerk prior to final action by the council a written protest against such change, stating the reasons duly signed by owners of twenty per cent or more of the area of the land proposed to be included in such change or of the area of the land immediately adjacent extending three hundred feet therefrom, no such change of any such ordinance shall be adopted except by a three-fourths vote of all members.

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No proposed zoning ordinance or by-law which has been unfavorably acted upon by a city council or town meeting shall be considered by the city council or town meeting within two years after the date of such unfavorable action unless the adoption of such proposed ordinance or by-law is recommended in the final report of the planning board.

When zoning by-laws or amendments thereto are submitted to the attorney general for approval as required by section thirty-two of chapter forty, he shall also be furnished with a statement which may be prepared by the planning board explaining the by-laws or amendments proposed, which statement may be accompanied by explanatory maps or plans.

The effective date of the adoption or amendment of any zoning ordinance or by-law shall be the date on which such adoption or amendment was voted upon by a city council or town meeting; if in towns, publication in a town bulletin or pamphlet and posting is subsequently made or publication in a newspaper pursuant to section thirty-two of chapter forty. If, in a town, said by-law is subsequently disapproved, in whole or in part, by the attorney general, the previous zoning by-law, to the extent that such previous zoning by-law was changed by the disapproved by-law or portion thereof, shall be deemed to have been in effect from the date of such vote.

After approval of zoning by-laws by the attorney general, or adoption of zoning ordinances by the city council, a copy of the latest effective zoning ordinances or by-laws shall be sent by the city or town clerk to the department of community affairs. A true copy of the zoning ordinance or by-law with any amendments thereto shall be kept on file available for inspection in the office of the clerk of such city or town.

No claim of invalidity of any zoning ordinance or by-law arising out of any possible defect in the procedure of adoption or amendment shall be made in any legal proceedings and no state, regional, county or municipal officer shall refuse, deny or revoke any permit, approval or certificate because of any such claim of invalidity unless legal action is commenced within the time period specified in sections thirty-two and thirty-two A of chapter forty and notice specifying the court, parties, invalidity claimed, and date of filing is filed together with a copy of the petition with the town or city clerk within seven days after commencement of the action.

Approved January 6, 1988.

Chapter 686. AN ACT RELATIVE TO ACCESS TO RECORDS BY
HIGHER EDUCATION FACULTY.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Section 52C of chapter 149 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 1986 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the definition of "Employee" and inserting in place thereof the following definition:-

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SECTION 4. Chapter 176G of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 4C, inserted by section 50 of chapter 465 of the acts of 1987, the following section:-

Section 4D. Any group health maintenance contract shall provide coverage for nonprescription enteral formulas for home use as set forth in section forty-seven I of chapter one hundred and seventy-five.

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No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted until after the planning board in a city or town, and the city council or a committee designated or appointed for the purpose by said council has each held a public hearing thereon, together or separately, at which interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. Said public hearing shall be held within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the planning board by the city council or selectmen or if there is none, within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the city council or selectmen. Notice of the time and place of such public hearing, of the subject matter, sufficient for identification, and of the place where texts and maps thereof may be inspected shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town once in each of two successive weeks, the first publication to be not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing, and by posting such notice in a

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No vote to adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be taken until a report with recommendations by a planning board has been submitted to the town meeting or city council, or twenty-one days after said hearing has elapsed without submission of such report. After such notice, hearing and report, or after twenty-one days shall have elapsed after such hearing without submission of such report, a city council or town meeting may adopt, reject, or amend and adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law. If a city council fails to vote to adopt any proposed ordinance within ninety days after the city council hearing or if a town meeting fails to vote to adopt any proposed by-law within six months after the planning board hearing, no action shall be taken thereon until after a subsequent public hearing is held with notice and report as provided.

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After approval of zoning by-laws by the attorney general, or adoption of zoning ordinances by the city council, a copy of the latest effective zoning ordinances or by-laws shall be sent by the city or town clerk to the department of community affairs. A true copy of the zoning ordinance or by-law with any amendments thereto shall be kept on file available for inspection in the office of the clerk of such city or town.

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Approved January 6, 1988.

**Chapter 686. AN ACT RELATIVE TO ACCESS TO RECORDS BY
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Notwithstanding the single project maximum set forth in a certificate of eligibility of a contractor issued by the deputy commissioner of the division of capital planning and operations, or his designee, under the provisions of section forty-four D of chapter one hundred and forty-nine of the General Laws, the New Salem-Wendell School District may award any contract for the construction of additions and renovations to the Swift River school in the calendar year nineteen hundred and eighty-eight to any contractor who has a certificate of eligibility, provided the contract award amount is within the aggregate rating limit in the certificate of eligibility of such contractor.

Approved January 6, 1988.

Chapter 685. AN ACT FURTHER REGULATING CERTAIN ZONING LAWS.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 40A of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 1A, as appearing in the 1986 Official Edition, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 1A. As used in this chapter the following words shall have the following meanings:

"Permit granting authority", the board of appeals or zoning administrator.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
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MICHAEL JOSEPH CONNOLLY, SECRETARY OF STATE

ACTS, 1987. - Chap. 685.

"Solar access", the access of a solar energy system to direct sunlight.

"Solar energy system", a device or structural design feature, a substantial purpose of which is to provide daylight for interior lighting or provide for the collection, storage and distribution of solar energy for space heating or cooling, electricity generating, or water heating.

"Special permit granting authority", shall include the board of selectmen, city council, board of appeals, planning board, or zoning administrators as designated by zoning ordinance or by-law for the issuance of special permits.

"Zoning", ordinances and by-laws, adopted by cities and towns to regulate the use of land, buildings and structures to the full extent of the independent constitutional powers of cities and towns to protect the health, safety and general welfare of their present and future inhabitants.

"Zoning administrator", a person designated by the board of appeals pursuant to section thirteen to assume certain duties of said board.

SECTION 2. Section two of said chapter forty A is hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. Said chapter 40A is hereby further amended by striking out section 5, as so appearing, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 5. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may be adopted and from time to time changed by amendment, addition or repeal, but only in the manner hereinafter provided. Adoption or change of zoning ordinances or by-laws may be initiated by the submission to the city council or board of selectmen of a proposed zoning ordinance or by-law by a city council, a board of selectmen, a board of appeals, by an individual owning land to be affected by change or adoption, by request of registered voters of a town pursuant to section ten of chapter thirty-nine, by ten registered voters in a city, by a planning board, by a regional planning agency or by other methods provided by municipal charter. The board of selectmen or city council shall within fourteen days of receipt of such zoning ordinance or by-law submit it to the planning board for review.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted until after the planning board in a city or town, and the city council or a committee designated or appointed for the purpose by said council has each held a public hearing thereon, together or separately, at which interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. Said public hearing shall be held within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the planning board by the city council or selectmen or if there is none, within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the city council or selectmen. Notice of the time and place of such public hearing, of the subject matter, sufficient for identification, and of the place where texts and maps thereof may be inspected shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town once in each of two successive weeks, the first publication to be not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing, and by posting such notice in a

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ACTS, 1987. - Chap. 685.

conspicuous place in the city or town hall for a period of not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing. Notice of said hearing shall also be sent by mail, postage prepaid to the department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, if any, and to the planning board of each abutting cities and towns. The department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, the planning boards of all abutting cities and towns and nonresident property owners who may not have received notice by mail as specified in this section may grant a waiver of notice or submit an affidavit of actual notice to the city or town clerk prior to town meeting or city council action on a proposed zoning ordinance, by-law or change thereto. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may provide that a separate, conspicuous statement shall be included with property tax bills sent to nonresident property owners, stating that notice of such hearings under this chapter shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid, to any such owner who files an annual request for such notice with the city or town clerk no later than January first, and pays a reasonable fee established by such ordinance or by-law. In cases involving boundary, density or use changes within a district, notice shall be sent to any such nonresident property owner who has filed such a request with the city or town clerk and whose property lies in the district where the change is sought. No defect in the form of any notice under this chapter shall invalidate any zoning ordinances or by-laws unless such defect is found to be misleading.

No vote to adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be taken until a report with recommendations by a planning board has been submitted to the town meeting or city council, or twenty-one days after said hearing has elapsed without submission of such report. After such notice, hearing and report, or after twenty-one days shall have elapsed after such hearing without submission of such report, a city council or town meeting may adopt, reject, or amend and adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law. If a city council fails to vote to adopt any proposed ordinance within ninety days after the city council hearing or if a town meeting fails to vote to adopt any proposed by-law within six months after the planning board hearing, no action shall be taken thereon until after a subsequent public hearing is held with notice and report as provided.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted or changed except by a two-thirds vote of all the members of the town council, or of the city council where there is a commission form of government or a single branch, or of each branch where there are two branches, or by a two-thirds vote of a town meeting; provided, however, that if in a city or town with a council of fewer than twenty-five members there is filed with the clerk prior to final action by the council a written protest against such change, stating the reasons duly signed by owners of twenty per cent or more of the area of the land proposed to be included in such change or of the area of the land immediately adjacent extending three hundred feet therefrom, no such change of any such ordinance shall be adopted except by a three-fourths vote of all members.

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ACTS, 1987. - Chap. 686.

No proposed zoning ordinance or by-law which has been unfavorably acted upon by a city council or town meeting shall be considered by the city council or town meeting within two years after the date of such unfavorable action unless the adoption of such proposed ordinance or by-law is recommended in the final report of the planning board.

When zoning by-laws or amendments thereto are submitted to the attorney general for approval as required by section thirty-two of chapter forty, he shall also be furnished with a statement which may be prepared by the planning board explaining the by-laws or amendments proposed, which statement may be accompanied by explanatory maps or plans.

The effective date of the adoption or amendment of any zoning ordinance or by-law shall be the date on which such adoption or amendment was voted upon by a city council or town meeting; if in towns, publication in a town bulletin or pamphlet and posting is subsequently made or publication in a newspaper pursuant to section thirty-two of chapter forty. If, in a town, said by-law is subsequently disapproved, in whole or in part, by the attorney general, the previous zoning by-law, to the extent that such previous zoning by-law was changed by the disapproved by-law or portion thereof, shall be deemed to have been in effect from the date of such vote.

After approval of zoning by-laws by the attorney general, or adoption of zoning ordinances by the city council, a copy of the latest effective zoning ordinances or by-laws shall be sent by the city or town clerk to the department of community affairs. A true copy of the zoning ordinance or by-law with any amendments thereto shall be kept on file available for inspection in the office of the clerk of such city or town.

No claim of invalidity of any zoning ordinance or by-law arising out of any possible defect in the procedure of adoption or amendment shall be made in any legal proceedings and no state, regional, county or municipal officer shall refuse, deny or revoke any permit, approval or certificate because of any such claim of invalidity unless legal action is commenced within the time period specified in sections thirty-two and thirty-two A of chapter forty and notice specifying the court, parties, invalidity claimed, and date of filing is filed together with a copy of the petition with the town or city clerk within seven days after commencement of the action.

Approved January 6, 1988.

**Chapter 686. AN ACT RELATIVE TO ACCESS TO RECORDS BY
HIGHER EDUCATION FACULTY.**

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Section 52C of chapter 149 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 1986 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the definition of "Employee" and inserting in place thereof the following definition:-

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ACTS, 1987. - Chaps. 684, 685.

principal place of employment within the commonwealth, and all persons included in section four C, coverage for nonprescription enteral formulas for home use, for which a physician has issued a written order and which are medically necessary for the treatment of malabsorption caused by Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis.

SECTION 4. Chapter 176G of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 4C, inserted by section 50 of chapter 465 of the acts of 1987, the following section:-

Section 4D. Any group health maintenance contract shall provide coverage for nonprescription enteral formulas for home use as set forth in section forty-seven I of chapter one hundred and seventy-five.

Approved January 6, 1988.

Chapter 684. AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE NEW SALEM-WENDELL SCHOOL DISTRICT TO AWARD CONTRACTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITIONS AND RENOVATIONS TO THE SWIFT RIVER SCHOOL TO CERTAIN CONTRACTORS.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Notwithstanding the single project maximum set forth in a certificate of eligibility of a contractor issued by the deputy commissioner of the division of capital planning and operations, or his designee, under the provisions of section forty-four D of chapter one hundred and forty-nine of the General Laws, the New Salem-Wendell School District may award any contract for the construction of additions and renovations to the Swift River school in the calendar year nineteen hundred and eighty-eight to any contractor who has a certificate of eligibility, provided the contract award amount is within the aggregate rating limit in the certificate of eligibility of such contractor.

Approved January 6, 1988.

Chapter 685. AN ACT FURTHER REGULATING CERTAIN ZONING LAWS.

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SECTION 1. Chapter 40A of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 1A, as appearing in the 1986 Official Edition, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 1A. As used in this chapter the following words shall have the following meanings:

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"Solar access", the access of a solar energy system to direct sunlight.

"Solar energy system", a device or structural design feature, a substantial purpose of which is to provide daylight for interior lighting or provide for the collection, storage and distribution of solar energy for space heating or cooling, electricity generating, or water heating.

"Special permit granting authority", shall include the board of selectmen, city council, board of appeals, planning board, or zoning administrators as designated by zoning ordinance or by-law for the issuance of special permits.

"Zoning", ordinances and by-laws, adopted by cities and towns to regulate the use of land, buildings and structures to the full extent of the independent constitutional powers of cities and towns to protect the health, safety and general welfare of their present and future inhabitants.

"Zoning administrator", a person designated by the board of appeals pursuant to section thirteen to assume certain duties of said board.

SECTION 2. Section two of said chapter forty A is hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. Said chapter 40A is hereby further amended by striking out section 5, as so appearing, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 5. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may be adopted and from time to time changed by amendment, addition or repeal, but only in the manner hereinafter provided. Adoption or change of zoning ordinances or by-laws may be initiated by the submission to the city council or board of selectmen of a proposed zoning ordinance or by-law by a city council, a board of selectmen, a board of appeals, by an individual owning land to be affected by change or adoption, by request of registered voters of a town pursuant to section ten of chapter thirty-nine, by ten registered voters in a city, by a planning board, by a regional planning agency or by other methods provided by municipal charter. The board of selectmen or city council shall within fourteen days of receipt of such zoning ordinance or by-law submit it to the planning board for review.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted until after the planning board in a city or town, and the city council or a committee designated or appointed for the purpose by said council has each held a public hearing thereon, together or separately, at which interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. Said public hearing shall be held within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the planning board by the city council or selectmen or if there is none, within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the city council or selectmen. Notice of the time and place of such public hearing, of the subject matter, sufficient for identification, and of the place where texts and maps thereof may be inspected shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town once in each of two successive weeks, the first publication to be not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing, and by posting such notice in a

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conspicuous place in the city or town hall for a period of not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing. Notice of said hearing shall also be sent by mail, postage prepaid to the department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, if any, and to the planning board of each abutting cities and towns. The department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, the planning boards of all abutting cities and towns and nonresident property owners who may not have received notice by mail as specified in this section may grant a waiver of notice or submit an affidavit of actual notice to the city or town clerk prior to town meeting or city council action on a proposed zoning ordinance, by-law or change thereto. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may provide that a separate, conspicuous statement shall be included with property tax bills sent to nonresident property owners, stating that notice of such hearings under this chapter shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid, to any such owner who files an annual request for such notice with the city or town clerk no later than January first, and pays a reasonable fee established by such ordinance or by-law. In cases involving boundary, density or use changes within a district, notice shall be sent to any such nonresident property owner who has filed such a request with the city or town clerk and whose property lies in the district where the change is sought. No defect in the form of any notice under this chapter shall invalidate any zoning ordinances or by-laws unless such defect is found to be misleading.

No vote to adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be taken until a report with recommendations by a planning board has been submitted to the town meeting or city council, or twenty-one days after said hearing has elapsed without submission of such report. After such notice, hearing and report, or after twenty-one days shall have elapsed after such hearing without submission of such report, a city council or town meeting may adopt, reject, or amend and adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law. If a city council fails to vote to adopt any proposed ordinance within ninety days after the city council hearing or if a town meeting fails to vote to adopt any proposed by-law within six months after the planning board hearing, no action shall be taken thereon until after a subsequent public hearing is held with notice and report as provided.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted or changed except by a two-thirds vote of all the members of the town council, or of the city council where there is a commission form of government or a single branch, or of each branch where there are two branches, or by a two-thirds vote of a town meeting; provided, however, that if in a city or town with a council of fewer than twenty-five members there is filed with the clerk prior to final action by the council a written protest against such change, stating the reasons duly signed by owners of twenty per cent or more of the area of the land proposed to be included in such change or of the area of the land immediately adjacent extending three hundred feet therefrom, no such change of any such ordinance shall be adopted except by a three-fourths vote of all members.

ACTS, 1987. - Chap. 686.

No proposed zoning ordinance or by-law which has been unfavorably acted upon by a city council or town meeting shall be considered by the city council or town meeting within two years after the date of such unfavorable action unless the adoption of such proposed ordinance or by-law is recommended in the final report of the planning board.

When zoning by-laws or amendments thereto are submitted to the attorney general for approval as required by section thirty-two of chapter forty, he shall also be furnished with a statement which may be prepared by the planning board explaining the by-laws or amendments proposed, which statement may be accompanied by explanatory maps or plans.

The effective date of the adoption or amendment of any zoning ordinance or by-law shall be the date on which such adoption or amendment was voted upon by a city council or town meeting; if in towns, publication in a town bulletin or pamphlet and posting is subsequently made or publication in a newspaper pursuant to section thirty-two of chapter forty. If, in a town, said by-law is subsequently disapproved, in whole or in part, by the attorney general, the previous zoning by-law, to the extent that such previous zoning by-law was changed by the disapproved by-law or portion thereof, shall be deemed to have been in effect from the date of such vote.

After approval of zoning by-laws by the attorney general, or adoption of zoning ordinances by the city council, a copy of the latest effective zoning ordinances or by-laws shall be sent by the city or town clerk to the department of community affairs. A true copy of the zoning ordinance or by-law with any amendments thereto shall be kept on file available for inspection in the office of the clerk of such city or town.

No claim of invalidity of any zoning ordinance or by-law arising out of any possible defect in the procedure of adoption or amendment shall be made in any legal proceedings and no state, regional, county or municipal officer shall refuse, deny or revoke any permit, approval or certificate because of any such claim of invalidity unless legal action is commenced within the time period specified in sections thirty-two and thirty-two A of chapter forty and notice specifying the court, parties, invalidity claimed, and date of filing is filed together with a copy of the petition with the town or city clerk within seven days after commencement of the action.

Approved January 6, 1988.

**Chapter 686. AN ACT RELATIVE TO ACCESS TO RECORDS BY
HIGHER EDUCATION FACULTY.**

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Section 52C of chapter 149 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 1986 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the definition of "Employee" and inserting in place thereof the following definition:-

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ACTS, 1987. - Chaps. 684, 685.

principal place of employment within the commonwealth, and all persons included in section four C, coverage for nonprescription enteral formulas for home use, for which a physician has issued a written order and which are medically necessary for the treatment of malabsorption caused by Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis.

SECTION 4. Chapter 176G of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 4C, inserted by section 50 of chapter 465 of the acts of 1987, the following section:-

Section 4D. Any group health maintenance contract shall provide coverage for nonprescription enteral formulas for home use as set forth in section forty-seven I of chapter one hundred and seventy-five.

Approved January 6, 1988.

Chapter 684. AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE NEW SALEM-WENDELL SCHOOL DISTRICT TO AWARD CONTRACTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITIONS AND RENOVATIONS TO THE SWIFT RIVER SCHOOL TO CERTAIN CONTRACTORS.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Notwithstanding the single project maximum set forth in a certificate of eligibility of a contractor issued by the deputy commissioner of the division of capital planning and operations, or his designee, under the provisions of section forty-four D of chapter one hundred and forty-nine of the General Laws, the New Salem-Wendell School District may award any contract for the construction of additions and renovations to the Swift River school in the calendar year nineteen hundred and eighty-eight to any contractor who has a certificate of eligibility, provided the contract award amount is within the aggregate rating limit in the certificate of eligibility of such contractor.

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ACTS, 1987. - Chaps. 684, 685.

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"Solar access", the access of a solar energy system to direct sunlight.

"Solar energy system", a device or structural design feature, a substantial purpose of which is to provide daylight for interior lighting or provide for the collection, storage and distribution of solar energy for space heating or cooling, electricity generating, or water heating.

"Special permit granting authority", shall include the board of selectmen, city council, board of appeals, planning board, or zoning administrators as designated by zoning ordinance or by-law for the issuance of special permits.

"Zoning", ordinances and by-laws, adopted by cities and towns to regulate the use of land, buildings and structures to the full extent of the independent constitutional powers of cities and towns to protect the health, safety and general welfare of their present and future inhabitants.

"Zoning administrator", a person designated by the board of appeals pursuant to section thirteen to assume certain duties of said board.

SECTION 2. Section two of said chapter forty A is hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. Said chapter 40A is hereby further amended by striking out section 5, as so appearing, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 5. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may be adopted and from time to time changed by amendment, addition or repeal, but only in the manner hereinafter provided. Adoption or change of zoning ordinances or by-laws may be initiated by the submission to the city council or board of selectmen of a proposed zoning ordinance or by-law by a city council, a board of selectmen, a board of appeals, by an individual owning land to be affected by change or adoption, by request of registered voters of a town pursuant to section ten of chapter thirty-nine, by ten registered voters in a city, by a planning board, by a regional planning agency or by other methods provided by municipal charter. The board of selectmen or city council shall within fourteen days of receipt of such zoning ordinance or by-law submit it to the planning board for review.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted until after the planning board in a city or town, and the city council or a committee designated or appointed for the purpose by said council has each held a public hearing thereon, together or separately, at which interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. Said public hearing shall be held within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the planning board by the city council or selectmen or if there is none, within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the city council or selectmen. Notice of the time and place of such public hearing, of the subject matter, sufficient for identification, and of the place where texts and maps thereof may be inspected shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town once in each of two successive weeks, the first publication to be not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing, and by posting such notice in a

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MICHAEL JOSEPH CONNOLLY, SECRETARY OF STATE

ACTS, 1987. - Chap. 685.

conspicuous place in the city or town hall for a period of not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing. Notice of said hearing shall also be sent by mail, postage prepaid to the department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, if any, and to the planning board of each abutting cities and towns. The department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, the planning boards of all abutting cities and towns and nonresident property owners who may not have received notice by mail as specified in this section may grant a waiver of notice or submit an affidavit of actual notice to the city or town clerk prior to town meeting or city council action on a proposed zoning ordinance, by-law or change thereto. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may provide that a separate, conspicuous statement shall be included with property tax bills sent to nonresident property owners, stating that notice of such hearings under this chapter shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid, to any such owner who files an annual request for such notice with the city or town clerk no later than January first, and pays a reasonable fee established by such ordinance or by-law. In cases involving boundary, density or use changes within a district, notice shall be sent to any such nonresident property owner who has filed such a request with the city or town clerk and whose property lies in the district where the change is sought. No defect in the form of any notice under this chapter shall invalidate any zoning ordinances or by-laws unless such defect is found to be misleading.

No vote to adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be taken until a report with recommendations by a planning board has been submitted to the town meeting or city council, or twenty-one days after said hearing has elapsed without submission of such report. After such notice, hearing and report, or after twenty-one days shall have elapsed after such hearing without submission of such report, a city council or town meeting may adopt, reject, or amend and adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law. If a city council fails to vote to adopt any proposed ordinance within ninety days after the city council hearing or if a town meeting fails to vote to adopt any proposed by-law within six months after the planning board hearing, no action shall be taken thereon until after a subsequent public hearing is held with notice and report as provided.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted or changed except by a two-thirds vote of all the members of the town council, or of the city council where there is a commission form of government or a single branch, or of each branch where there are two branches, or by a two-thirds vote of a town meeting; provided, however, that if in a city or town with a council of fewer than twenty-five members there is filed with the clerk prior to final action by the council a written protest against such change, stating the reasons duly signed by owners of twenty per cent or more of the area of the land proposed to be included in such change or of the area of the land immediately adjacent extending three hundred feet therefrom, no such change of any such ordinance shall be adopted except by a three-fourths vote of all members.

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ACTS, 1987. - Chap. 686.

No proposed zoning ordinance or by-law which has been unfavorably acted upon by a city council or town meeting shall be considered by the city council or town meeting within two years after the date of such unfavorable action unless the adoption of such proposed ordinance or by-law is recommended in the final report of the planning board.

When zoning by-laws or amendments thereto are submitted to the attorney general for approval as required by section thirty-two of chapter forty, he shall also be furnished with a statement which may be prepared by the planning board explaining the by-laws or amendments proposed, which statement may be accompanied by explanatory maps or plans.

The effective date of the adoption or amendment of any zoning ordinance or by-law shall be the date on which such adoption or amendment was voted upon by a city council or town meeting; if in towns, publication in a town bulletin or pamphlet and posting is subsequently made or publication in a newspaper pursuant to section thirty-two of chapter forty. If, in a town, said by-law is subsequently disapproved, in whole or in part, by the attorney general, the previous zoning by-law, to the extent that such previous zoning by-law was changed by the disapproved by-law or portion thereof, shall be deemed to have been in effect from the date of such vote.

After approval of zoning by-laws by the attorney general, or adoption of zoning ordinances by the city council, a copy of the latest effective zoning ordinances or by-laws shall be sent by the city or town clerk to the department of community affairs. A true copy of the zoning ordinance or by-law with any amendments thereto shall be kept on file available for inspection in the office of the clerk of such city or town.

No claim of invalidity of any zoning ordinance or by-law arising out of any possible defect in the procedure of adoption or amendment shall be made in any legal proceedings and no state, regional, county or municipal officer shall refuse, deny or revoke any permit, approval or certificate because of any such claim of invalidity unless legal action is commenced within the time period specified in sections thirty-two and thirty-two A of chapter forty and notice specifying the court, parties, invalidity claimed, and date of filing is filed together with a copy of the petition with the town or city clerk within seven days after commencement of the action.

Approved January 6, 1988.

Chapter 686. AN ACT RELATIVE TO ACCESS TO RECORDS BY
HIGHER EDUCATION FACULTY.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Section 52C of chapter 149 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 1986 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the definition of "Employee" and inserting in place thereof the following definition:-

THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
ADVANCE COPY 1987 ACTS AND RESOLVES
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ACTS, 1987. - Chaps. 684, 685.

principal place of employment within the commonwealth, and all persons included in section four C, coverage for nonprescription enteral formulas for home use, for which a physician has issued a written order and which are medically necessary for the treatment of malabsorption caused by Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis.

SECTION 4. Chapter 176G of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 4C, inserted by section 50 of chapter 465 of the acts of 1987, the following section:-

Section 4D. Any group health maintenance contract shall provide coverage for nonprescription enteral formulas for home use as set forth in section forty-seven I of chapter one hundred and seventy-five.

Approved January 6, 1988.

Chapter 684. AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE NEW SALEM-WENDELL SCHOOL DISTRICT TO AWARD CONTRACTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF ADDITIONS AND RENOVATIONS TO THE SWIFT RIVER SCHOOL TO CERTAIN CONTRACTORS.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Notwithstanding the single project maximum set forth in a certificate of eligibility of a contractor issued by the deputy commissioner of the division of capital planning and operations, or his designee, under the provisions of section forty-four D of chapter one hundred and forty-nine of the General Laws, the New Salem-Wendell School District may award any contract for the construction of additions and renovations to the Swift River school in the calendar year nineteen hundred and eighty-eight to any contractor who has a certificate of eligibility, provided the contract award amount is within the aggregate rating limit in the certificate of eligibility of such contractor.

Approved January 6, 1988.

Chapter 685. AN ACT FURTHER REGULATING CERTAIN ZONING LAWS.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 40A of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 1A, as appearing in the 1986 Official Edition, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 1A. As used in this chapter the following words shall have the following meanings:

"Permit granting authority", the board of appeals or zoning administrator.

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"Solar access", the access of a solar energy system to direct sunlight.

"Solar energy system", a device or structural design feature, a substantial purpose of which is to provide daylight for interior lighting or provide for the collection, storage and distribution of solar energy for space heating or cooling, electricity generating, or water heating.

"Special permit granting authority", shall include the board of selectmen, city council, board of appeals, planning board, or zoning administrators as designated by zoning ordinance or by-law for the issuance of special permits.

"Zoning", ordinances and by-laws, adopted by cities and towns to regulate the use of land, buildings and structures to the full extent of the independent constitutional powers of cities and towns to protect the health, safety and general welfare of their present and future inhabitants.

"Zoning administrator", a person designated by the board of appeals pursuant to section thirteen to assume certain duties of said board.

SECTION 2. Section two of said chapter forty A is hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. Said chapter 40A is hereby further amended by striking out section 5, as so appearing, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 5. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may be adopted and from time to time changed by amendment, addition or repeal, but only in the manner hereinafter provided. Adoption or change of zoning ordinances or by-laws may be initiated by the submission to the city council or board of selectmen of a proposed zoning ordinance or by-law by a city council, a board of selectmen, a board of appeals, by an individual owning land to be affected by change or adoption, by request of registered voters of a town pursuant to section ten of chapter thirty-nine, by ten registered voters in a city, by a planning board, by a regional planning agency or by other methods provided by municipal charter. The board of selectmen or city council shall within fourteen days of receipt of such zoning ordinance or by-law submit it to the planning board for review.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted until after the planning board in a city or town, and the city council or a committee designated or appointed for the purpose by said council has each held a public hearing thereon, together or separately, at which interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. Said public hearing shall be held within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the planning board by the city council or selectmen or if there is none, within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the city council or selectmen. Notice of the time and place of such public hearing, of the subject matter, sufficient for identification, and of the place where texts and maps thereof may be inspected shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town once in each of two successive weeks, the first publication to be not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing, and by posting such notice in a

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conspicuous place in the city or town hall for a period of not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing. Notice of said hearing shall also be sent by mail, postage prepaid to the department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, if any, and to the planning board of each abutting cities and towns. The department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, the planning boards of all abutting cities and towns and nonresident property owners who may not have received notice by mail as specified in this section may grant a waiver of notice or submit an affidavit of actual notice to the city or town clerk prior to town meeting or city council action on a proposed zoning ordinance, by-law or change thereto. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may provide that a separate, conspicuous statement shall be included with property tax bills sent to nonresident property owners, stating that notice of such hearings under this chapter shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid, to any such owner who files an annual request for such notice with the city or town clerk no later than January first, and pays a reasonable fee established by such ordinance or by-law. In cases involving boundary, density or use changes within a district, notice shall be sent to any such nonresident property owner who has filed such a request with the city or town clerk and whose property lies in the district where the change is sought. No defect in the form of any notice under this chapter shall invalidate any zoning ordinances or by-laws unless such defect is found to be misleading.

No vote to adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be taken until a report with recommendations by a planning board has been submitted to the town meeting or city council, or twenty-one days after said hearing has elapsed without submission of such report. After such notice, hearing and report, or after twenty-one days shall have elapsed after such hearing without submission of such report, a city council or town meeting may adopt, reject, or amend and adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law. If a city council fails to vote to adopt any proposed ordinance within ninety days after the city council hearing or if a town meeting fails to vote to adopt any proposed by-law within six months after the planning board hearing, no action shall be taken thereon until after a subsequent public hearing is held with notice and report as provided.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted or changed except by a two-thirds vote of all the members of the town council, or of the city council where there is a commission form of government or a single branch, or of each branch where there are two branches, or by a two-thirds vote of a town meeting; provided, however, that if in a city or town with a council of fewer than twenty-five members there is filed with the clerk prior to final action by the council a written protest against such change, stating the reasons duly signed by owners of twenty per cent or more of the area of the land proposed to be included in such change or of the area of the land immediately adjacent extending three hundred feet therefrom, no such change of any such ordinance shall be adopted except by a three-fourths vote of all members.

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When zoning by-laws or amendments thereto are submitted to the attorney general for approval as required by section thirty-two of chapter forty, he shall also be furnished with a statement which may be prepared by the planning board explaining the by-laws or amendments proposed, which statement may be accompanied by explanatory maps or plans.

The effective date of the adoption or amendment of any zoning ordinance or by-law shall be the date on which such adoption or amendment was voted upon by a city council or town meeting; if in towns, publication in a town bulletin or pamphlet and posting is subsequently made or publication in a newspaper pursuant to section thirty-two of chapter forty. If, in a town, said by-law is subsequently disapproved, in whole or in part, by the attorney general, the previous zoning by-law, to the extent that such previous zoning by-law was changed by the disapproved by-law or portion thereof, shall be deemed to have been in effect from the date of such vote.

After approval of zoning by-laws by the attorney general, or adoption of zoning ordinances by the city council, a copy of the latest effective zoning ordinances or by-laws shall be sent by the city or town clerk to the department of community affairs. A true copy of the zoning ordinance or by-law with any amendments thereto shall be kept on file available for inspection in the office of the clerk of such city or town.

No claim of invalidity of any zoning ordinance or by-law arising out of any possible defect in the procedure of adoption or amendment shall be made in any legal proceedings and no state, regional, county or municipal officer shall refuse, deny or revoke any permit, approval or certificate because of any such claim of invalidity unless legal action is commenced within the time period specified in sections thirty-two and thirty-two A of chapter forty and notice specifying the court, parties, invalidity claimed, and date of filing is filed together with a copy of the petition with the town or city clerk within seven days after commencement of the action.

Approved January 6, 1988.

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ACTS, 1987. - Chaps. 684, 685.

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Notwithstanding the single project maximum set forth in a certificate of eligibility of a contractor issued by the deputy commissioner of the division of capital planning and operations, or his designee, under the provisions of section forty-four D of chapter one hundred and forty-nine of the General Laws, the New Salem-Wendell School District may award any contract for the construction of additions and renovations to the Swift River school in the calendar year nineteen hundred and eighty-eight to any contractor who has a certificate of eligibility, provided the contract award amount is within the aggregate rating limit in the certificate of eligibility of such contractor.

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"Solar energy system", a device or structural design feature, a substantial purpose of which is to provide daylight for interior lighting or provide for the collection, storage and distribution of solar energy for space heating or cooling, electricity generating, or water heating.

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No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted until after the planning board in a city or town, and the city council or a committee designated or appointed for the purpose by said council has each held a public hearing thereon, together or separately, at which interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. Said public hearing shall be held within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the planning board by the city council or selectmen or if there is none, within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the city council or selectmen. Notice of the time and place of such public hearing, of the subject matter, sufficient for identification, and of the place where texts and maps thereof may be inspected shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town once in each of two successive weeks, the first publication to be not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing, and by posting such notice in a

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No vote to adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be taken until a report with recommendations by a planning board has been submitted to the town meeting or city council, or twenty-one days after said hearing has elapsed without submission of such report. After such notice, hearing and report, or after twenty-one days shall have elapsed after such hearing without submission of such report, a city council or town meeting may adopt, reject, or amend and adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law. If a city council fails to vote to adopt any proposed ordinance within ninety days after the city council hearing or if a town meeting fails to vote to adopt any proposed by-law within six months after the planning board hearing, no action shall be taken thereon until after a subsequent public hearing is held with notice and report as provided.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted or changed except by a two-thirds vote of all the members of the town council, or of the city council where there is a commission form of government or a single branch, or of each branch where there are two branches, or by a two-thirds vote of a town meeting; provided, however, that if in a city or town with a council of fewer than twenty-five members there is filed with the clerk prior to final action by the council a written protest against such change, stating the reasons duly signed by owners of twenty per cent or more of the area of the land proposed to be included in such change or of the area of the land immediately adjacent extending three hundred feet therefrom, no such change of any such ordinance shall be adopted except by a three-fourths vote of all members.

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ADVANCE COPY 1987 ACTS AND RESOLVES
MICHAEL JOSEPH CONNOLLY, SECRETARY OF STATE

ACTS, 1987. - Chap. 686.

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The effective date of the adoption or amendment of any zoning ordinance or by-law shall be the date on which such adoption or amendment was voted upon by a city council or town meeting; if in towns, publication in a town bulletin or pamphlet and posting is subsequently made or publication in a newspaper pursuant to section thirty-two of chapter forty. If, in a town, said by-law is subsequently disapproved, in whole or in part, by the attorney general, the previous zoning by-law, to the extent that such previous zoning by-law was changed by the disapproved by-law or portion thereof, shall be deemed to have been in effect from the date of such vote.

After approval of zoning by-laws by the attorney general, or adoption of zoning ordinances by the city council, a copy of the latest effective zoning ordinances or by-laws shall be sent by the city or town clerk to the department of community affairs. A true copy of the zoning ordinance or by-law with any amendments thereto shall be kept on file available for inspection in the office of the clerk of such city or town.

No claim of invalidity of any zoning ordinance or by-law arising out of any possible defect in the procedure of adoption or amendment shall be made in any legal proceedings and no state, regional, county or municipal officer shall refuse, deny or revoke any permit, approval or certificate because of any such claim of invalidity unless legal action is commenced within the time period specified in sections thirty-two and thirty-two A of chapter forty and notice specifying the court, parties, invalidity claimed, and date of filing is filed together with a copy of the petition with the town or city clerk within seven days after commencement of the action.

Approved January 6, 1988.

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HIGHER EDUCATION FACULTY.**

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Section 52C of chapter 149 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 1986 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the definition of "Employee" and inserting in place thereof the following definition:-

EXECUTIVE
OFFICE OF
COMMUNITIES &
DEVELOPMENT



Michael S. Dukakis, Governor
Amy S. Anthony, Secretary

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See next page,
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Vol. 5, Edition No. 2
February, 1988

CHAPTER 685 AN ACT FURTHER REGULATING
CERTAIN ZONING LAWS

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In last month's edition of the Land Use Manager, we highlighted the legislative changes made to the Zoning Act and the Subdivision Control Law that had been approved by the Governor prior to January 1, 1988. However, near the end of the 1987 legislative session, the General Court enacted another law which amended the Zoning Act.

The major emphasis of Chapter 685 is directed at rewriting Section 5 of the Zoning Act to clarify the procedural process for adopting and amending local zoning bylaws and ordinances. There are a few substantive changes that have been made which are noted in the following summary. However, we also have reproduced the entire text of Chapter 685 which should be reviewed by all municipal officials who are involved in the process of amending local zoning bylaws or ordinances. In brief, Chapter 685 makes the following revisions:

- o Rewrites Section 1A by making minor and grammatical amendments. There are no substantive changes to this section of the Zoning Act.
- o Repeals Section 2 which regulated the conveyance of open space in cluster developments. This conveyance provision has never been necessary as the same requirement has existed in Section 9 since the Legislature rewrote the Zoning Act in late 1975.

Donald J. Schmidt, Editor
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Boston, Massachusetts 02202

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- o Rewrites Section 5 by making mostly grammatical and clarification changes. Emphasis was placed on clarifying the adoption and amendment process governing cities. This legislation specifically authorizes separate or joint public hearings by the City Council and Planning Board.

In addition, Chapter 685 makes the following substantive changes:

- o Specifically authorizes the Department of Community Affairs, Regional Planning Agencies, Planning Boards of abutting municipalities and certain nonresident property owners to waive rights to notice prior to legislative action on a zoning proposal.
- o Certain nonresident property owners must be notified as to proposed density changes as well as zoning district and use changes.
- o City Council must vote to adopt a zoning proposal within 90 days after the City Council hearing instead of within 90 days after the Planning Board public hearing on a proposed zoning change.
- o A true copy of the zoning bylaw or ordinance must be kept on file and available for inspection in the office of the municipal clerk.
- o Legal action arising out of any possible procedural defect in the adoption or amendment process must be commenced within the time period specified in Chapter 40, Section 32 and 32A, MGL. Prior to this change, Section 5 of the Zoning Act required that such legal action had to commence within 120 days after the adoption of the bylaw or ordinance whereas Chapter 40, Section 32 and 32A, MGL, provided that such legal action had to commence within 90 days after posting or publication of the bylaw or ordinance. This change makes the Zoning Act consistent with the Chapter 40 provisions.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

In the Year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Eighty-seven

AN ACT FURTHER REGULATING CERTAIN ZONING LAWS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 40A of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 1A, as appearing in the 1986 Official Edition, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 1A. As used in this chapter the following words shall have the following meanings:

"Permit granting authority", the board of appeals or zoning administrator.

"Solar access", the access of a solar energy system to direct sunlight.

"Solar energy system", a device or structural design feature, a substantial purpose of which is to provide daylight for interior lighting or provide for the collection, storage and distribution of solar energy for space heating or cooling, electricity generating, or water heating.

"Special permit granting authority", shall include the board of selectmen, city council, board of appeals, planning board, or zoning administrators as designated by zoning ordinance or by-law for the issuance of special permits.

"Zoning", ordinances and by-laws, adopted by cities and towns to regulate the use of land, buildings and structures to the full extent of the independent constitutional powers of cities and towns to protect the health, safety and general welfare of their present and future inhabitants.

"Zoning administrator", a person designated by the board of appeals pursuant to section thirteen to assume certain duties of said board.

SECTION 2. Section two of said chapter forty A is hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. Said chapter 40A is hereby further amended by striking out section 5, as so appearing, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 5. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may be adopted and from time to time changed by amendment, addition or repeal, but only in the manner herein-after provided. Adoption or change of zoning ordinances or by-laws may be

initiated by the submission to the city council or board of selectmen of a proposed zoning ordinance or by-law by a city council, a board of selectmen, a board of appeals, by an individual owning land to be affected by change or adoption, by request of registered voters of a town pursuant to section ten of chapter thirty-nine, by ten registered voters in a city, by a planning board, by a regional planning agency or by other methods provided by municipal charter. The board of selectmen or city council shall within fourteen days of receipt of such zoning ordinance or by-law submit it to the planning board for review.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted until after the planning board in a city or town, and the city council or a committee designated or appointed for the purpose by said council has each held a public hearing thereon, together or separately, at which interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. Said public hearing shall be held within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the planning board by the city council or selectmen or if there is none, within sixty-five days after the proposed zoning ordinance or by-law is submitted to the city council or selectmen. Notice of the time and place of such public hearing, of the subject matter, sufficient for identification, and of the place where texts and maps thereof may be inspected shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town once in each of two successive weeks, the first publication to be not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing, and by posting such notice in a conspicuous place in the city or town hall for a period of not less than fourteen days before the day of said hearing. Notice of said hearing shall also be sent by mail, postage prepaid to the department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, if any, and to the planning board of each abutting cities and towns. The department of community affairs, the regional planning agency, the planning boards of all abutting cities and towns and nonresident property owners who may not have received notice by mail as specified in this section may grant a waiver of notice or submit an affidavit of actual notice to the city or town clerk prior to town meeting or city council action on a proposed zoning ordinance, by-law or change thereto. Zoning ordinances or by-laws may provide that a separate, conspicuous statement shall be included with property tax bills sent to nonresident property owners, stating that notice of such hearings under this chapter shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid, to any

such owner who files an annual request for such notice with the city or town clerk no later than January first, and pays a reasonable fee established by such ordinance or by-law. In cases involving boundary, density or use changes within a district, notice shall be sent to any such nonresident property owner who has filed such a request with the city or town clerk and whose property lies in the district where the change is sought. No defect in the form of any notice under this chapter shall invalidate any zoning ordinances or by-laws unless such defect is found to be misleading.

No vote to adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law or amendment there- to shall be taken until a report with recommendations by a planning board has been submitted to the town meeting or city council, or twenty-one days after said hearing has elapsed without submission of such report. After such notice, hearing and report, or after twenty-one days shall have elapsed after such hearing without submission of such report, a city council or town meeting may adopt, reject, or amend and adopt any such proposed ordinance or by-law. If a city council fails to vote to adopt any proposed ordinance within ninety days after the city council hearing or if a town meeting fails to vote to adopt any proposed by-law within six months after the planning board hearing, no action shall be taken thereon until after a subsequent public hearing is held with notice and report as provided.

No zoning ordinance or by-law or amendment thereto shall be adopted or changed except by a two-thirds vote of all the members of the town council, or of the city council where there is a commission form of government or a single branch, or of each branch where there are two branches, or by a two-thirds vote of a town meeting; provided, however, that if in a city or town with a council of fewer than twenty-five members there is filed with the clerk prior to final action by the council a written protest against such change, stating the reasons duly signed by owners of twenty per cent or more of the area of the land proposed to be included in such change or of the area of the land immediately adjacent extending three hundred feet therefrom, no such change of any such ordinance shall be adopted except by a three-fourths vote of all members.

No proposed zoning ordinance or by-law which has been unfavorably acted upon by a city council or town meeting shall be considered by the city council or town meeting within two years after the date of such unfavorable action unless the adoption of such proposed ordinance or by-law is recommended in the final report of the planning board.

When zoning by-laws or amendments thereto are submitted to the attorney general for approval as required by section thirty-two of chapter forty, he shall also be furnished with a statement which may be prepared by the planning board explaining the by-laws or amendments proposed, which statement may be accompanied by explanatory maps or plans.

The effective date of the adoption or amendment of any zoning ordinance or by-law shall be the date on which such adoption or amendment was voted upon by a city council or town meeting; if in towns, publication in a town bulletin or pamphlet and posting is subsequently made or publication in a newspaper pursuant to section thirty-two of chapter forty. If, in a town, said by-law is subsequently disapproved, in whole or in part, by the attorney general, the previous zoning by-law, to the extent that such previous zoning by-law was changed by the disapproved by-law or portion thereof, shall be deemed to have been in effect from the date of such vote.

After approval of zoning by-laws by the attorney general, or adoption of zoning ordinances by the city council, a copy of the latest effective zoning ordinances or by-laws shall be sent by the city or town clerk to the department of community affairs. A true copy of the zoning ordinance or by-law with any amendments thereto shall be kept on file available for inspection in the office of the clerk of such city or town.

No claim of invalidity of any zoning ordinance or by-law arising out of any possible defect in the procedure of adoption or amendment shall be made in any legal proceedings and no state, regional, county or municipal officer shall refuse, deny or revoke any permit, approval or certificate because of any such claim of invalidity unless legal action is commenced within the time period specified in sections thirty-two and thirty-two A of chapter forty and notice specifying the court, parties, invalidity claimed, and date of filing is filed together with a copy of the petition with the town or city clerk within seven days after commencement of the action.

**AN ACT RELATIVE TO THE MANAGEMENT OF SOLID WASTE AND THE ABATEMENT
OF POLLUTION RESULTING THEREFROM**

Chapter 584 of the Acts of 1987 is a comprehensive piece of legislation dealing with the regulating of resource recovery facilities and solid waste disposal facilities. Chapter 584 amends Chapter 40A Section 9 by adding a new paragraph at the end of that section.

Under the new law, facilities for the disposing of refuse such as sanitary landfills, refuse transfer stations, refuse incinerators and resource recovery facilities are now permitted in any area which was zoned for industrial use as of July 1, 1987 unless such uses were specifically prohibited or regulated in such zoning districts as of the same date. However, a community may adopt a special permit review which would allow a special permit granting authority to impose reasonable conditions on the construction of such facilities. A municipality may also adopt a zoning or non-zoning bylaw or ordinance which would prohibit the siting of such facilities in certain environmentally sensitive areas.

Chapter 584 was declared to be an emergency law and took effect on December 17, 1987. This amendment should have been noted in last month's issue of the Land Use Manager.

PAST EDITIONS OF THE LAND USE MANAGER

The Massachusetts Federation of Planning and Appeals Boards has reprinted Volumes 1, 2, and 3 of the Land use Manager in one booklet. If you are interested in obtaining such editions of the Land Use Manager please contact the following:

Madelyn A. Mckie
Executive Director
Massachusetts Federation of Planning and Appeals Boards
187 Mill Street
Haverhill, Massachusetts 01830

Telephone: 372-2159

Cost: Member of Federation	\$15.00
Non Members	\$25.00

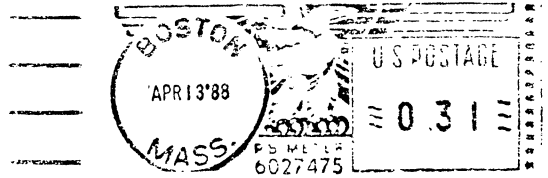
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Commonwealth of Massachusetts
Executive Office of Communities
and Development DEPT.
Division of Municipal Development
100 Cambridge Street - Room 904
Boston, Massachusetts 02202

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Planning Board
City Hall
Cambridge, MA 02139



OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK

CITY OF CAMBRIDGE

CITY HALL, CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS 02139

(617) 498-9017

JOSEPH E. CONNARTON
CITY CLERK

JOHN E. FLYNN
DEPUTY CITY CLERK

May 13, 1988

TO: The Honorable, The City Council
FROM: Joseph E. Connarton, City Clerk *JEC*
SUBJECT: Changes in Massachusetts Zoning Law

Please be advised that the Massachusetts Legislature has enacted Chapter 685, Acts of 1987 relative to further regulations of the Zoning Act. Specifically, the Act changes the time frame in which a City Council has to enact an amendment to the zoning ordinances.

The new law now states the Council has 90 days in which to adopt an amendment from the hearing before the Council (Ordinance Committee) rather than 90 days from the hearing of the Planning Board. I am enclosing a copy of the Act for your review.

This Act became effective April 5, 1988 and therefore each of you should be aware of this change as you deliberate the numerous petitions currently before your honorable body.

I hope this information will be beneficial.

JEC/mh

Enclosure

5. O-27

Comm. from Joseph E. Connarton, City Clerk,
transmitting a copy of Chapter 685 of the
Acts of 1987 Re: the time frame in which a
City Council has to enact an amendment to
the Zoning Ordinances.

In City Council,

May 16, 1988

5-16-88

Placed on file