

It would be nice to believe that the things I've been talking about aren't true. But as you can now see I haven't been coming here for a year trying to get you to understand things that aren't true. All doubt and disbelief now comes to end with this communication.

It is now not Peter Valentine who is telling you about the treason, fraud and subversion of the federal government but the States of Oklahoma and Colorado. Government officials, just, like yourselves. America is waking up and paytime is coming.

The Cambridge City Council Now knows the truth. It doesn't know yet the entire horrible truth. But it knows enough of the truth to know that according to it's sworn oath to uphold and defend the Constitution of the United States of America, it must now stand up and take action. Just saying the pledge of allegiance is not enough. A pledge without action is an act of fraud.

I have come to you because I have no faith in a singular citizen as myself receiving respect from our state officials. I feel they need to be pushed by a lightning rod and I am asking you to be that lightning rod. But not only that . I am asking you to become a soaring meteor of power which will ignite our nation into an unimaginable rebirth in the perfection and writing of an everlasting constitution. The founding authors did a wonderful job but it needs revaluation and fine tuning. The federal gov't they created has become a thieving monstrosity that is waging war against its own people.

This communication reveals how the federal traitors have surrendered the national power of our nation into the hands of foreigners in violation of our Constitution. The UN is a fraud peace keeping organization whose real purpose is to act as a world organizational unit which will bind all nations into a one world system of slavery controlled by the demonic monarchical families and international banking families of Europe who have histories of causing wars for their own personal profit and tormenting humanity for centuries. The first UN Secretary General was Alger Hiss a convicted soviet spy who played a key role in writing the UN Charter along with his associates in David Rockefeller's Council on Foreign Relations. That same UN Charter exists to this very day. It was his intention to destroy America, and his charter and the UN are engaged in the same cunning attempt. It is by violence that the beast intends to drive humanity into a rigid system of safety control which in effect would be a system of slavery. The federal traitors actually believe that we are so weak willed and pathetic that they can do whatever they want. We shall see who is more powerful. The forces of Life or the forces of death.

The Supreme court ruled all treaties and agreements must comply with the constitution.

You will read how our so called president has surrendered our defense forces into the hands of foreigners. Described by Phyllis Schafner an attorney and columnist as the most unconstitutional transfer of power in the history of America.

You will read how the federal traitors have given permission to the UN to tax American Citizens. Court ruling US vs Malek. "The United Nations is not a state and thereby it has no inherent power to tax." Can we trust people to tax us, who give foreigners the power to tax us, who are not even sworn to uphold our constitution? Can we trust people who create a beast called the federal reserve bank, to take our money and decide our monetary rate when it is not even a government agency but a privately owned primarily foreign owned business, which to this day has never had an audit?

Can we trust people who have unconstitutionally given the lives of our soldiers over into the hands of foreigners to do with as they please. 2 of 12

Dear council the federal entity has made a mockery of our Nation , of our Constitution and of our People.

I now ask you the council and the citizens of our country to become officially conscious of the truth I am about to reveal.

Aside from the founding of our country, the civil war and the two world wars this information of the Oklahoma and Colorado court actions of the betrayal of our nation by the federal gov't ranks on the level as part of the most important and vital information in the history of our country. It is literally a covert attempt to overthrow our country.

Where have you seen headlines and detailed information about this court case in the major news media ?

Have you seen anything in the Boston Globe, in the Boston Herald, in the New York Times, in the National Enquirer, in USA Today, in the Washington Post, in the Wall Street Journal, in the Los Angeles Times or on the major tv news stations?

The answer is NOWHERE. We see news about the UN all the time in all the newspapers.. Yet when one of our states files a 1.2 Billion lawsuit against the federal gov't for its unconstitutional actions in relation to its activities with the UN there is not even a 2 inch by 1 inch newsclip in any single major newspaper in the country. And that is because they are in conspiracy with the enemies of our country to set up a world wide empire with the UN as its centerpiece and the subverters in our federal gov't as the traitors who are handing us over into the slavery. And the traitor newspapers have got the orders to protect them. Now you know why it is through others sources of information that this conspiracy is truly revealed.

I am now charging the Boston Globe, the Boston Herald, the New York Times, the National Enquirer, the USA Today, the Washington Post, the Wall Street Journal, the Los Angeles Times and all the magazines they publish and all ther major tv news stations with Treason, with Enemy Propaganda, with Informational Terrorism, with Brianwashing, with Psychological Warfare, with Conspiring to drive the American People into Torment, with conspiring to drive the American People into the traps, the snares and plans of the the beast that calls itself a new world order.

These acts are acts of war. I am charging the major news media with waging war against the American People. Because of this I am ordering a national government news organization to be established to be monitored by representatives of all states, to insure that the American People receive all the vital news necessary to insure their security. To insure their Life, Liberty and Happiness.

This charge is now on the books. If they start publishing this news tomorrow, it's to late. And not only that. There exists other vital information yet to be identified which they have kept from the American People which will further incriminate them. And just to make sure you know that for a fact I am placing on your desk access to documentation that the major governments of the world have signed a treaty for using Telsa technology to control the weather. This is the technology I've told you about that can also generate free energy. In other words it mechanics connect with an infinite supply of energy in the air. Have you heard about this major international weather control agreement in the news media. Why not it should be something to use to make our lives better. Right!? They're planning to use it against the people to destroy the people's living circumstances by use of weather warfare so they can have the perfect excuse

of moving people wherever they want for the final takeover of our country. They are stealing tax payer money to use the postive aspects of the technology for their own benefit. A technology that could improve our economy, improve our health, improve our environment, and defend us against weather catatrophes such as tornadoes. Why are they denying us the free energy, to keep us bound and chained as worker slaves paying excessively for every aspect of our lives. Knowledge of this technology has existed since 1899.

Where in the mentioned well known quote well respected papers have you read about Telsa technology or this agreement. Nowhwere. The indictments of treason and fraud go on and on and on. The truth is coming and it is unstoppable. Because the truth is GOD's word and God's word is the word that is waiting at the end of the road. Where will you have been judged to be, when it was your time to face it ?

I know that as I continue to speak about these things you feel as if a weight is being lifted off of you. You feel the fear and sense of being paralyzed beginning to melt away. It is the great weight of this massive betrayal that has relentlessly desecrated your lives. You are beginning to feel alive and free. You're beginning to feel a sense of your dignity, you are beginning to feel a door opening, you are beginning to feel your POWER.

I now ask the City Council of Cambridge to stand up. To bring this issue to public notice, To inform our state commonwealth representatives that they have been lax in guarding the security of our nation and demand that they take legal action right away against the federal traitors.

The pace for action and correction will be set here and proceed till the people's of the world can live peacefully within their cities and enjoy the divine aromas in their forests.

*Robert Excalibur Valentine*  
*National Officer in Charge*  
*The People*  
*3/24/97*  
\* \* \* \* \*

c/o 10736 Jefferson Boulevard, Suite 502, Culver City, California, Postal Zone 90230

November 5, 1996

### A NEW SOURCE OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY?

by Jeane Manning

Respected physicists are asking if we can put a new "fire of the gods" to practical work. Emerging evidence says yes, we can tap into the unlimited energy teeming in space all around us.

Picture countless invisible submicroscopic whirlpools in space. Randomly they flicker in and out of view. Physicists describe these movements as a "quantum foam" of incredible levels of power. One scientist says there is enough of this energy in an empty light bulb to boil the world's oceans.

Peter Zak Valentine  
Meta-World  
P. O. Box 381063  
Cambridge, MA 02238

Dear Mr. Valentine:

Thank you for the information on stopping earthquakes.

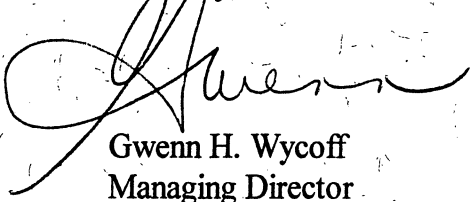
I thought you might like to know about our new video on weather control. Below is a description:

Documentation of government weather control includes treaties between nations, and the actual form to be filled out when weather control is implemented. This is electronically-based weather control built on the Tesla technology. There are treaties preventing its use as a weapon, except there are no restrictions if a country wants to use it against its own people. Shocking information, and an absolute 'must see.'

Available through *Perceptions* magazine, produced by Robert Fletcher.

Perhaps you can design a program for this menace.

Sincerely,



Gwenn H. Wycoff  
Managing Director

There is a history to such far out ideas -- back in the nineteenth century, Nikola Tesla said someday we will hook our machines to wheel works of nature.

Tesla lit up his laboratory with electric vacuum lamps unplugged from any apparent source of electricity. He knew that electrical vibrations from his "tesla coils" were making a force field that affected the lamps. In 1899 he experimented with this effect on a giant scale in Colorado, then he built a transmitting tower on Long Island, New York, intending to send free power to people everywhere on the planet. All they would have had to do was stick an antenna in the ground. However, wealthy bankers such as J. Pierpont Morgan had already bought copper mines in anticipation of a power monopoly. They had no intention of allowing him to broadcast "free energy".



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*The people, source of all political power, are responsible for instructing state elected officials to direct their agents in Washington to confine the functions of government to limitations defined in the Constitution of the United States.*

Enclosed Committee bulletin, "Oklahoma's 1.2 Billion Dollar Challenge", offers you a great opportunity to initiate corrective legislation in your state to enforce principles of the Constitution by terminating United Nations operations in the United States and recover billions in tax dollars illegally paid to the UN by Congress.

On overleaf is a model 'letter of instruction' to your state lawmakers directing each to introduce a memorial to Congress identical to the Oklahoma State Resolution #1047, "A Resolution relating to United States military forces and the United Nations; memorializing Congress to cease certain activities concerning the United Nations; and directing distribution" (See text, page 2, enclosed bulletin.)

Upon adoption of the memorial your state legislature must then direct the state attorney general to file in the Supreme Court of the United States, "A Complaint for Declaratory Judgement, Injunction and other Equitable Relief", against the Secretary General, United Nations Organization, under authority of 'Original Jurisdiction', Article III, section 2, Constitution of the United States (see, "Sovereign States Power Line Direct to U.S. Supreme Court Under Original Jurisdiction", page 3, enclosed bulletin).

Draft brief, prepared by Judge J. J. Boesel (ret) available from Committee to Restore the Constitution for adoption by your state attorney general when appropriate.

Committee members may order free self-adhesive labels of state lawmakers (at home addresses). Send draft of your 'letter of instruction' to Committee to Restore the Constitution, Inc., Post Office Box 986, Fort Collins, Colorado USA 80522. Multiple reproduction of your letter by local business service is recommended.

Order sufficient copies of March 1997 Committee bulletin #422 for inclusion with each 'letter of instruction' to your state legislators.

I will help you execute your mission, vital to preservation of the Republic and restoration of freedoms of person and property guaranteed to you by its Constitution.

Fraternally,

Archibald E. Roberts, LtCol, AUS, ret, Director

*"It would be manifestly contrary to the objectives of those who created the Constitution... let alone alien to our entire constitutional history and tradition to construe Article VI as permitting the United States to exercise power under an international agreement without observing constitutional prohibitions. In effect, such a construction would permit amendment of that document in a manner not sanctioned by Article V (of the Constitution)".*

REID V COVERT 354, U.S. 1, (1957)

See Over Leaf

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# BULLETIN

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March 1997  
#422

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## OKLAHOMA'S 1.2 BILLION DOLLAR CHALLENGE\*

Oklahoma's House of Representatives, in its Resolution 1047 of March 26, 1994 gave Congress direct orders. (House Resolution #1047, page 2). One order said to Congress, "Cease rendering aid to any activity or engagement under the jurisdiction of the United Nations or any World Body."

Congress disobeyed this order and promptly appropriated 1.2 billion dollars for payment to the United Nations.

What remedy does the Constitution provide for Oklahoma to enforce its Sovereign will by terminating the United Nations and to recover this 1.2 billion dollars?

The Constitution gives Oklahoma a clear answer, where it provides the States a direct power line to bring such a dispute between a Sovereign State and the Federal Government directly to the U.S. Supreme Court (Original Jurisdiction, page 3).

The dispute is between a State order—Resolution 1047 and a Treaty. For the 1.2 billion dollars was provided by Congress... under the UN Treaty.

If the Treaty was "made under the authority of the United States", as required by Article VI (the Supremacy Clause) THEN it is a valid Treaty and will prevail over Oklahoma's state order. In such event, Oklahoma could not recover the 1.2 billion dollars.

On the other hand, if the Treaty was made BEYOND "the authority of the United States", then the Treaty is unconstitutional and void and Oklahoma can have the Court order the UN to repay this sum to the U.S. Treasurer because Congress cannot pay any U.S. funds under

a void Treaty.

Was this UN Treaty... "made under the authority of the United States?" My research shows this question has never been answered by the Court. If this is true, then this is a case of first impression for the Court and in my opinion the Court would be inclined to decide this question for this reason alone.

Does this Treaty or any laws passed pursuant to the Treaty change or amend the provisions of the Constitution? If so, then the Treaty and these laws are void. This is the result declared by the Supreme Court over 100 years ago, when it ruled, "A treaty cannot change the Constitution or be held valid if it be in violation of that document." *Foster v Neilson* (1826) 2 Pet 314.2

Moreover in the more recent case of *Reid v Covert* (1957), 354 U.S. the Court prohibited any changes or amendments to the Constitution placed in effect without the consent of the States, where it said, "It would be manifestly contrary to the objectives of those who created the Constitution, let alone alien to our Constitutional history and tradition to construe Article VI (the Supremacy Clause) as permitting the United States to exercise power under an international agreement, without observing Constitutional prohibitions. In effect such construction would permit amendment of that document in a manner not sanctioned by Article V." The States have rarely proposed amendments to the Constitution before they can take effect.

This UN Treaty, and laws passed pursuant to the Treaty without the consent of the States (Dec 94 Media Bypass lists five, including the recent U.S. troop order of the President turning them over to UN foreign command... an order Attorney Phyllis Schalafly writes is "...the most unconstitutional transfer of power in the



JUDGE J. J. BOESEL, retired Municipal Judge, Wapakoneta, Ohio, is a graduate of Ohio State University and University of Michigan Law School.

Judge Boesel is a former Professor of Constitutional Law, Capitol University Law School, Columbus, Ohio.

A retired Army Colonel he served with the 4th Infantry Division, World War II, which made the assault landing on D-Day, Utah Beach, Normandy.

Married fifty-four years, he and Mrs Boesel have three daughters and two granddaughters.

Judge Boesel is a member, Committee to Restore the Constitution,

history of America.")<sup>1</sup>

The State law of Oklahoma provides the House of Representatives with a ready-made vehicle to challenge this UN Treaty. It requires the Oklahoma Attorney General to go to Court when requested by the Governor or either branch of the Legislature. (Feb 95 Media Bypass view of TENTH AMENDMENT TEAMS to produce State actions, where the Legislature declares its Sovereign will and its Attorney General enforces that will in the Supreme Court).

\* By Judge J. J. Boesel, reprinted courtesy Jim Thomas, President, Media Bypass Magazine..

(continued on page 2)

OKLAHOMA (continued)

Will Oklahoma's House have its Attorney General obtain a Supreme Court declaration that the UN Treaty is unconstitutional and void and force the UN to repay the 1.2 billion dollar give-away?

It looks like there is everything to gain and nothing to lose. For the United Nations Treaty is here and the United Nations is in place and has been for fifty years. Further, the 1.2 billion has gone down the tubes, along with uncounted billions of taxpayer

dollars the Congress has given the UN ever since its beginning following WW II.

*1 See, "Presidential Decision Directive", 3 May, 1994 (State Department Summary), October 1994 Bulletin, Committee to Restore the Constitution.*

**HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 1047  
STATE OF OKLAHOMA  
2nd Session of the 44th Legislature (1994)**

**By:** Monks, Adair, Apple, Breckinridge, Caldwell, Campbell, Coleman, Cotner, Cozort, Culver, Dunegan, Erwin, Ferguson, Fields, Gates, Graves, Greenwood, Hefner, Henshaw, Hilliard, Holt, Hutchison, Kinnamon, Kirby, Mass, Matlock, Mitchell, Paulk, Perry, Phillips, Rhodes (Dusty), Satterfield, Smith (Bill), Stottlemire, Sullivan, Vaughn (George), Vaughn (Ray), Voskuhl, Weaver, Webb, Weese, Widener and Worthen

**AS INTRODUCED**

A Resolution relating to United States military forces and the United Nations; memorializing Congress to cease certain activities concerning the United Nations; and directing distribution.

WHEREAS, President Clinton has affirmed that his foreign policy regarding the deployment of United States military forces under the authority of the United Nations will bear little change from that of his predecessor; and

WHEREAS, the constitutional role of the United States military is to protect the life, liberty and property of United States citizens and to defend our nation against insurrection or foreign invasion; and

WHEREAS, the United States is an independent sovereign nation and not a tributary of the United Nations; and

WHEREAS, there is no popular support for the establishment of a "new world order" or world sovereignty of any kind either under the United Nations or under any world body in any form of global government; and

WHEREAS, global government would mean the destruction of our Constitution and corruption of the spirit of the Declaration of Independence, our freedom, and our way of life.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 2ND SESSION OF THE 44TH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE:

THAT the United States Congress is hereby memorialized to:

1. Cease the appropriation of United States funds for any military activity not authorized by Congress;
2. Cease engagement in any military activity under the authority of the United Nations or any world body;
3. Cease the rendering of aid to any activity or engagement under the jurisdiction of the United Nations or any world body; and
4. Cease any support for the establishment of a "new world order" or to any form of global government.

THAT the United States Congress is hereby memorialized to refrain from taking any further steps toward the economic or political merger of the United States into a world body or any form of world government.

THAT copies of this resolution be distributed to the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the Secretary of the United States Senate, and to each member of the Oklahoma Congressional Delegation.

44-2-9206 MCD 1/23/97

Adopted 26 March, 1994

**UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT\*  
RESTORES STATE - FEDERAL POWER BALANCE**

**Law of Principal & Agent**

States are not mere subdivisions of the United States. State governments are neither regional offices nor administrative agencies of the federal government. The positions occupied by state officials appear nowhere on the federal government's organizational chart. The Constitution, "The Federalist No. 39, page 245 (C. Rossiter ed.

1961) reserved sovereignty to the States under the Tenth Amendment."

Whatever the outer limits of the sovereignty may be, one thing is clear, the federal government may not compel the states to enact or administer a federal regulatory program. "Where Congress exceeds its authority relative to the states, departure from the constitutional plan cannot be ratified by "consent" of state officials."

So wrote Justice Sandra Day O'Connor in the case of NY v. US, 112 S. Ct., 2408 (1992), (at pages 2434, 2435 and head note 18). And so the Court held the "take title" provision of Congress' Low Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act lies outside the Tenth Amendment.

According to this case, the states in their sovereign capacities are no longer "agencies" of the federal government; the shoe is on the other foot. The states are the Principals and the federal government is the "agent" of the sovereign states.

Colorado and Oklahoma have already acted as sovereigns in the two Resolutions listed herein. Colorado in declaring its sovereignty grounded on this case declares

(continued on page 3)

\* By Judge J. J. Boesel, reprinted courtesy Jim Thomas, President, Media Bypass Magazine..

SUPREME COURT (continued)

the federal government to be its "agent". Oklahoma declares it shall no longer be subject to the "Federal Regulatory Program" of the United Nations as brought about by the UN Treaty.

Both States are on sound constitutional ground. Colorado acts as sovereign in its capacity as principal based upon this NY case. Oklahoma rejects further military or funding support by Congress of the UN Treaty. Oklahoma's action has four grounds for rejecting the UN Treaty as beyond the powers of the Executive and Senate making it unconstitutional and void, and therefore incapable of receiving any further U.S. military or funding support.

An analysis of the U.N. Treaty shows it has, together with laws passed in pursuance thereof, amended the Constitution four times... five counting President Clinton's recent turn-over of U.S. troops to United Nations command... an act clearly beyond his powers to delegate his duty as Commander in Chief under Art. II of the Constitution. Attorney & columnist Phyllis Schlafly refers to this "turn-over" order as the most unconstitutional transfer of power in the history of America (see Copley News Service item).

These four fatal amendments to the Constitution made by the U.N. Treaty and laws passed pursuant to it, violate the Supreme Court rule that... "treaties and laws passed pursuant to them must comply with the Constitution." Reid v Covert, 354 U.S. 1 (1957). Moreover, the Treaty and laws passed pursuant to it cannot change or amend the Constitution, "It would be manifestly contrary to the objectives of those who created the Constitution... let alone alien to our entire constitutional history and tradition to construe Article VI

(the supremacy clause) as permitting the United States to exercise power under an international agreement without observing constitutional prohibitions. In effect, such construction would permit amendment of that document in a manner not sanctioned by Article V;" Reid v Covert, supra.

The first defective amendment was brought into being by Article 36 of the Treaty. There it is stated... that "The International Court of Justice shall have jurisdiction over all cases involving the interpretation of a Treaty." This violates Art III, Sec. 2 U.S. Constitution which gives the Federal Judiciary power over all cases involving treaties "made under the authority of the United States."

The Second defective amendment was placed in effect by the United Nations General Assembly resolution made in pursuance of the Treaty, setting up a UN Income Tax, with the apparent consent of the Senate subcommittee on the UN Charter (Senate Doc. 87). This violates the Sixteenth Amendment which gives to Congress only the power to tax income and provides for no delegation of this taxing power to the UN or any person or corporation, international or other-wise. It has already been held the United Nations is not a state, and hence has no inherent power to tax. U.S. v Melekh, D.C. N.Y. 190 F. Supp (19670).

The third defective amendment was put in place by the Act of Congress called The International Organizations Immunities Act, passed pursuant to the Treaty. This Act gives immunities from suit to all UN employees and foreign ambassadors, ministers and consuls on missions to the UN, unless they waive their immunity. This immunities law violates Art. III Sec. 2, U.S. Const. which says "in all cases involving ambassadors, other public ministers and

consuls, and cases in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction." No immunities are found in this original jurisdiction of the Court, nor anywhere else in the Constitution. This violates Marbury v Madison, 1 Cranch 137 (1803) which had this same original jurisdiction section before it. It held that the Congress could not change or amend the original jurisdiction conferred by the Constitution.

The Fourth defective amendment was put in place by Article 43 of the Treaty which says... "All members of the United Nations... undertake to make available to the Security Council... ON ITS CALL (emphasis added), armed forces, assistance and facilities." This Article transfers to the UN Security Council the war power given Congress by Art. 1, Sec. 8, U.S. Constitution. Nowhere in the Constitution is any authority given to the national government to delegate this war power, the income taxing power or the President's power as Commander in Chief.

This analysis of the UN Treaty lends full support to Oklahoma in its order to the federal government to cease further support to the United Nations, for its Treaty is clearly unconstitutional.

"The prohibitions of the Constitution were designed to apply to all branches of the National Government, and they cannot be nullified by the Executive, or by the Executive and the Senate combined." Reid v. Covert, (supra).

God bless Justice O'Connor for her loyalty to her oath of office for defending the Constitution and for giving the green light to the States... as Principals with constitutional power to correct the acts of their "agent", the government when it strays beyond its limited powers given it by the Constitution.

## ORIGINAL JURISDICTION SOVEREIGN STATE'S POWER LINE DIRECT TO SUPREME COURT\*

The U.S. Supreme Court has two different kinds of jurisdiction. Original and appellate.

Jurisdiction is the legal authority to decide a lawsuit brought before a Court. This is the first question the Court has to decide... does this Court have the legal authority to decide this lawsuit? If it does, it will hear and decide the case. If it does not have jurisdiction over the case to hear and decide it, it will dismiss the case.

Now, what is ORIGINAL jurisdiction? This is the kind where the Court has power

to hear the case began in it. The case starts there.

On the other hand APPELLATE jurisdiction is the legal authority to REVIEW a case begun in a lower court. If the parties are not satisfied with the decision of say the FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT they may appeal to the Circuit Court of Appeals... this is the first level of review of the lower court's decision.

If the parties are not satisfied with the decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals, they may then appeal to the U.S. Supreme Court. If the Supreme Court decides to take

jurisdiction and hear the appeal, they will allow what is called a writ of certiorari... send the case up to the Supreme Court.

But if the Supreme Court decides NOT TO REVIEW the decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals, that is the end of the case. What ever the Court of Appeals decided becomes the final law of the case.

Now let's examine the ORIGINAL JURISDICTION of the U.S. Supreme Court. The Supreme Court is given its ORIGINAL jurisdiction by the U.S. Constitution, and in an early case, Marbury v Madison, 1 Cranch 137 (1803) the Court held that Congress cannot add to or change the ORIGINAL jurisdiction given the Court by the Constitution.

Here is the Constitution's grant of ORIGINAL JURISDICTION: ARTICLE

(continued on page 4)

\* By Judge J. J. Boesel

ORIGINAL JURISDICTION (continued)

III, SECTION 2:

...(omitting non-relevant parts)

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and Consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction (emphasis added),

"In all other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction..."

You can see how the States are granted a power line directly to the Supreme Court. Where a State has a case to file, the State may go directly to the Supreme Court and start the case there. There is no need to start with the lower echelon of the Federal District, and proceed with appeal after appeal. True, the Congress has given to the Federal District Courts CONCURRENT ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, but this does not take away the State's constitutional option to START the case directly in the Supreme Court. Congress cannot touch this ORIGINAL JURISDICTION given the Supreme Court

by this section of the Constitution.

It is time for the States to come alive and become aware of their power line directly to the Supreme Court, now that JUSTICE Sandra Day O'Connor has declared a renewed rule on the government power relation between the States and the Federal Government. She put it this way:

"Where Congress exceeds its authority relative to the States, departure from the constitutional plan cannot be ratified by "consent" of State officials."

NY v US, 112 S. Ct. 2408 (1992).

It is a renewed rule applied by JUSTICE O'Connor's Court to those acts... "where Congress exceeds its authority relative to the States." The States are the Principals and the Federal Government is the Agent,"... whose acts cannot amount to a "...departure from the constitutional plan."

Although JUSTICE O'Connor's Court did not refer to the early statement of the rule of *Burton v U.S.*, (1906), her decision clearly confirmed the *Burton* rule that U.S. Senators... "do not hold their places under

the Government of the United States, but its members are chosen by the State legislatures."

"While the Senate, as a branch of the legislative department owes its existence to the Constitution and passes laws which concern the entire country, its members are chosen by the State legislatures, and cannot be said to hold their places under the Government of the United States."

*Burton v U.S.* (1906) 202 U.S. 344

Now that Senators are chosen by the people of the States the same as members of the House, they are merely agents of the States temporarily assigned to duty in Congress.

The States have a Constitutional power line direct to the U.S. Supreme Court and will not "ratify" or "consent" to the acts of their agents in Congress, when they... "make departures from the Constitutional plan" but are powerfully equipped to stop these "departures" in their tracks, with cases filed directly in the Supreme Court.

(Go back to page 3, "Original Jurisdiction.)

## THE UNITED NATIONS TREATY \* WELCOME TO THE NEW WORLD ORDER

The Supreme Court has declared that "Treaties and laws passed pursuant to treaties must comply with the Constitution." Further, not only must they comply with the Constitution, they cannot change or AMEND the Constitution, for an Amendment must be done only with the consent of 3/4 of the states.

But there are four defective amendments made by the United Nations Treaty and laws passed pursuant to the Treaty without the consent of the states. That is why they are defective amendments. (This treaty is made up of two documents: the United Nations Charter and the Statute of the International Court of Justice.)

The first defective amendment has brought a transfer of the Supreme Court judicial power over Treaties to the International Court of Justice.

Article thirty-six of the treaty brought this about. For it says "The International Court of Justice shall have jurisdiction over all cases involving the interpretation of a treaty."

However, our Constitution gives the Supreme Court judicial power over all cases involving a treaty. Article III, Sec 2

of the Constitution says the Supreme Court's judicial power shall include all cases involving three documents: The Constitution, laws of Congress passed, pursuant to the Constitution, and treaties." So you can see this Treaty gives away one-third of the Supreme Courts judicial power.

The second defective amendment is the United Nations income tax, passed by law of the General Assembly of the UN forty years ago. It was consented to by U.S. Senate Document 87, Jan. 1954 under Senate Resolution 126-the Senate sub-committee on the UN Charter.

This law refunded the UN employees four years Federal income Tax they had previously paid... estimated at 6.5 million dollars.

This United Nations income tax amends the Sixteenth Amendment of the Constitution, which gives only Congress the power to tax incomes. The third defective amendment was by a law of Congress passed pursuant to the treaty. It is called the International Organizations Immunities Act. This Act gives the United Nations employees and ambassadors, public ministers and consuls of foreign nations on missions to the United Nations Immunity from suit, unless they waive their immunity.

This Immunities Act amends the

constitutional power given to the Supreme Court over these foreign agents and employees. The Constitution, says in ARTICLE III, Sec. 2: "in all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and all cases in which a state shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction." That simply means the case may be brought by states directly in the Supreme Court. Notice that this section of the Constitution provides for *No Immunities* for these people. So this Immunities Act of Congress amends this section of the Constitution because the Constitution provides for *No Immunities*.

The fourth defective amendment is the Treaty's transfer of Congress's war powers to the United Nations Security Council, for the Treaty says in Article 42: "Should the Security Council consider that measures provided for in Article 41 would be inadequate, it may take action by air, sea, or land forces, as may be necessary to restore international peace and security." Article 43 of the Treaty says: "All members of the United Nations... undertake to make available to the Security Council,... on its call, Armed Forces, Assistance and Facilities."

Since the Constitution gives only Congress the power to declare war (Art. I, Sec. 8) this is the most dangerous. It permits U.S. troops under foreign commanders... as we saw in the undeclared wars of Korea, Viet Nam,

\* By Judge J. J. Boesel, reprinted courtesy Jim Thomas, President, Media Bypass magazine, Box 456, 2554 Lincoln Blvd, Marina Del Rey, CA 90291

UN TREATY (continued)

Persian Gulf, and Somalia. There is a remedy for these four defective amendments... state action.

Since these four defective amendments have been placed in effect by the Treaty without the consent of the states, any state may object and file a case directly in the Supreme Court to establish a decision that this UN Treaty and laws passed pursuant to the Treaty are unconstitutional and void.

If the Supreme Court finds these four do amend the Constitution as just stated, it will declare the United Nations Treaty, and all laws passed pursuant to the Treaty unconstitutional and void.

Such a decision by the Supreme Court will shut down the United Nations forever and restore the Sovereignty of this land.

Such a lawsuit has been prepared over the last twenty years, pro bono for any state to act. A sovereign state must act, because a plain taxpayer has no standing to come into the federal court and raise any constitutional issues. I know because twenty years ago I filed a similar lawsuit in the Federal District Court of Columbus, Ohio... It was a class action suit against the United Nations on behalf of all taxpayers. But the Court said there was no standing for a taxpayer to raise any constitutional issues. And so dismissed the

case without looking into the issues.

**Insolvency of the United Nations**

This lawsuit also claims the United Nations is insolvent and unable to pay its just debts, and so asks the Court to appoint a receiver to wind up the affairs of the United Nations; collect all its assets and pay off its creditors. The largest creditor is the United States.

To give you a picture of just how insolvent the United Nations is, Mr. Boutros Boutros Ghali, the Secretary General who told his story to the NEW YORK TIMES, reprinted in the Columbus Dispatch on August 29, 1993. Under this title, "STRAPPED FOR CASH, UN CUTS BACK TILL DEADBEAT COUNTRIES PAY UP" Ghali warned "that the United Nations could run out of cash this week".

Secretary General Boutros Butrous Ghali has outlined an AUSTERITY PROGRAM to "curtail night and weekend meetings, trim travel and reduce the use of translators and consultants."

"The organization runs from hand to mouth", he told the General Assembly's committee on financial matters Thursday. He continued "There is nothing new about that. But today it is unprecedented, and it is intolerable" (The dictionary says

"intolerable" means "unbearable.") He further stated "the organization has monthly expenditures of \$310 million."

If we pause here a moment and do a little arithmetic, we will see that \$310 million per month is \$10 million per day. And the year's budget, 12 times that \$310 million, is three billion, six hundred million dollars.

Ghali says "the United States owes \$268 million of peacekeeping and \$518 million in dues"... "The cash in hand will cover requirements only through the first week of September, without any further payments to troop contributors. Unless a substantial portion of these debts are covered within 30 days, the organization will be unable to undertake any new operations and existing operations will be in jeopardy."

\* \* \* \* \*

Although there are 188 member states in the United Nations, the United States pays 25% of the annual budget of 3 billion 600 million dollars. Our U.S. taxpayers annual share is 900 million. You would think Mr. Boutros Boutros Gahli would have a spark of gratitude toward the United States. Instead he calls us a "dead beat country."

10082

**CITIZEN ACTION REQUIRED**

General reaction of the muzzled majority to increasing exploitation and oppression has been a defense of the status quo. yet, it must be clear that a political system perpetually on the defense is doomed to ultimate defeat. Somewhere, somehow, we must counterattack!

Your leadership and inspiration is needed now to reverse the mindless march toward a socialist America.

**Grasp this opportunity to harness state powers to your struggle for survival in the United Nations 'new world order'.**

Order copies of Committee bulletin #422, "Oklahoma's 1.2 Billion Dollar Challenge" for personal distribution to members of your state legislature.

Enclose with bulletin 'letter of instruction' directing introduction and passage of a concurrent resolution identical to the Oklahoma House Resolution #1047, "A Resolution relating to the United States military forces and the United Nations memorializing Congress to crease certain activities concerning the United Nations and directing distribution".

Inform state lawmakers that the Constitution of the United States gives your State a direct line to bring any dispute between a Sovereign State and the Federal Government directly to the United States Supreme Court for adjudication under provisions of 'Law of Principal vs Agent' (Art III, section 2, Constitution of the United States).

1. Your State is a Principal under the constitutional contract.
2. Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments of the Federal Government are Agents of your State.
3. The people, source of all political power, are responsible for instructing state elected officials to direct their agents in Washington to confine the functions of government to limitations defined in the Constitution.

Upon passage of 'Oklahoma' memorial in your State, the State Attorney General may file with the U.S. Supreme Court, "A Complaint for Declaratory Judgement, Injunction and other Equitable Relief", against the Secretary General, United Nations Organization.

Draft brief, prepared by Judge Boesel, available from Committee to Restore the Constitution when appropriate.

Objective: "Cease rendering aid to any activity or engagement under jurisdiction of the United Nations or any World Body".

The Committee will assist you in launching your State campaign.

**MAKE A PLACE FOR YOU AND YOUR DESCENDANTS IN TOMORROW'S AMERICA.**

**Act before the window of opportunity slams shut!**

**COMMITTEE TO RESTORE THE CONSTITUTION, Inc.**  
P.O. Box 986, Fort Collins, CO 80522

1st Session

Establishing a commission to study the creation of a standing international military force under the United Nations Charter.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 16 (legislative day, March 3), 1993

Mr. Boren introduced

the following joint resolution;

which was read twice and referred to

the Committee on Foreign Relations

Joint Resolution

Establishing a commission to study the creation of a standing international military force under the United Nations Charter.

Whereas the end of the Cold War allows the United States to share the burden of maintaining collective security;

Whereas the role of the United Nations has accordingly expanded in recent years;

Whereas under Article 43 of the United Nations Charter, the Secretary General is authorized to negotiate agreements for the creation of a multinational standing military force, to be used for peacekeeping and peace enforcement;

Whereas the United States should take a leadership role in the creation of a multinational peacekeeping force, so that the burdens of maintaining international security are more equitably shared;

Whereas the President, the Secretary of State, the Ambassador to the United Nations, and the Director of Central Intelligence have already articulated support for the creation of a United Nations Rapid Deployment Force similar to the forces contemplated under Article 43; and

Whereas there remain many unresolved questions about how the United States would implement an agreement to participate in an Article 43 force: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.

There is established the "Commission on United States Participation in a Permanent United Nations Peacekeeping Force" (hereafter in this joint resolution referred to as the "Commission").

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION.

(a) IN GENERAL – The Commission shall be composed of 14 members, as follows:

(1) The Secretary of Defense or designee.

(2) The Secretary of State or designee.

(3) The Director of Central Intelligence or designee.

(4) The Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs or designee.

(5) The Permanent Representatives of the United States to the United Nations or designee.

(6) Three members appointed by the President from among individuals in the private sector having expertise in international peacekeeping activities.

(7) Three Members of the House of Representatives, of whom two shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House and one shall be appointed by the Minority Leader, or their designees.

(8) Three Members of the Senate appointed by the President pro tempore, of whom two shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the Majority Leader and one shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the Minority Leader, or their designees.

(b) CHAIR – The Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs or designee shall serve as Chair of the Commission.

(c) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT; VACANCIES – Members shall be appointed for the life of the Commission. Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

(d) INITIAL MEETING – No later than 10 days after the date on which all members of the Commission have been appointed, the Commission shall hold its first meeting.

(e) MEETINGS – The Commission shall meet at the call of the Chairman.

(f) QUORUM – A majority of the members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number of members may hold hearings.

SECTION 3. RESPONSIBILITIES.

The Commission shall study, and make recommendations regarding, the steps that are necessary for the United States to participate in the creation of a standing international military force under Article 43 of the United Nations Charter.

SECTION 4. REPORT.

Not later than 120 days after the first meeting held by the Commission, the Commission shall submit a report to Congress on its findings and recommendations, including recommendations on the following issues: cost, military mission, logistics, intelligence sharing, training, equipment, and war powers and other Constitutional issues.

SECTION 5. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.

(a) HEARINGS – The Commission may hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, and receive such evidence as the commission considers advisable to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(b) INFORMATION FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES – The Commission may secure directly from any Federal department or agency such information as the Commission considers necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act. Upon request of the Chairman of the Commission, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information to the

Commission.

(c) POSTAL SERVICES – The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the Federal Government.

SECTION 6. COMMISSION PERSONNEL MATTERS.

(a) RAVEL EXPENSES – The members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission.

(b) STAFF –

(1) IN GENERAL – The Chairman of the Commission may, without regard to the civil service laws and regulations, appoint and terminate an executive director and such other additional personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to perform its duties. The employment of an executive director shall be subject to confirmation by the Commission.

(2) COMPENSATION – The Chairman of the Commission may fix the compensation of the executive director and other personnel without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to classification of positions and General Schedule pay rates, except that the rate of pay for the executive director and other personnel may not exceed the rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title.

(c) DETAIL OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES – Any Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Commission without reimbursement, and such detail shall be without interruption or loss of civil service status or privilege.

(d) PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND INTERMITTENT SERVICES – The chairman of the Commission may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individuals which do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title.

SECTION 7. TERMINATION OF THE COMMISSION.

The Commission shall terminate 10 days after the date on which the Commission submits its report under section 4.

SECTION 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL – There are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1994 to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(b) AVAILABILITY – Any sums appropriated under the authorization contained in this section shall remain available, without fiscal year limitation, until expended.

**MODEL 'LETTER OF INSTRUCTION'**

To: (insert your state) State Lawmaker

Ref: A State Resolution to Provide for Enforcement of the Constitution

Dear State Lawmaker,

Your attention is invited to accompanying publication, "Oklahoma's 1.2 Billion Dollar Challenge", model text for state action to enforce state sovereignty by terminating United Nations operations in the United States and recover billions in tax-dollars illegally paid to the UN by Congress.

See text, page 2, "A Resolution relating to the United States military forces and the United Nations; memorializing Congress to cease certain activities concerning the United Nations; and directing distribution", Oklahoma State Resolution #1047, adopted 26 March, 1994.

Upon adoption of the 'termination' memorial you must direct the state attorney general to file in the Supreme Court of the United States, "A Complaint for Declaratory Judgement, Injunction and other Equitable Relief", against the Secretary General, United Nations Organization, under authority of 'Original Jurisdiction', Article III, section 2, Constitution of the United States (see, "Sovereign States Powerline Direct to U.S. Supreme Court Under Original Jurisdiction", page 3 enclosed publication.)

Draft brief, prepared by Judge J. J. Boesel (ret), available from Committee to Restore the Constitution for adoption by the state attorney general when appropriate.

The people of this State are burdened by illegal acts by its Federal agents, and their surrender of the powers of government to foreign interests, because this State has not repudiated the attempts of its agents in Washington to act beyond their authority.

I urgently request that you apply your political leadership to defend my person and property against political revolutionaries in Washington:

1. Introduce a resolution identical to Oklahoma's, "Resolution relating to the United States military forces and the United Nations; memorializing Congress to cease certain activities concerning the United Nations; and directing distribution".
2. Direct the state attorney general, immediately upon passage of the State resolution, to file in the Supreme Court of the United States, "A Complaint for Declaratory Judgement, Injunction and other Equitable Relief", against the Secretary General, United Nations Organization.

Your response on action taken is requested.

Respectfully,

(signature)

type name and address

Communications

National Officer's Report and Order 3/24/97

that the Council under its oath to uphold and defend the Constitution of the United States of America receive and examine the information I hereby deliver of the actions of the states of Oklahoma and Colorado and take what action necessary to make The People and to firmly request that our Commonwealth State Representative take immediate action to defend our Constitution.

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*Rev. Exa. H. H. ...*  
*National Officer's Report*  
*to the People*

*3/24/97*

*\* \* \* \* \**



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*The people, source of all political power, are responsible for instructing state elected officials to direct their agents in Washington to confine the functions of government to limitations defined in the Constitution of the United States.*

Enclosed Committee bulletin, "Oklahoma's 1.2 Billion Dollar Challenge", offers you a great opportunity to initiate corrective legislation in your state to enforce principles of the Constitution by terminating United Nations operations in the United States and recover billions in tax dollars illegally paid to the UN by Congress.

On overleaf is a model 'letter of instruction' to your state lawmakers directing each to introduce a memorial to Congress identical to the Oklahoma State Resolution #1047, "A Resolution relating to United States military forces and the United Nations; memorializing Congress to cease certain activities concerning the United Nations; and directing distribution" (See text, page 2, enclosed bulletin.)

Upon adoption of the memorial your state legislature must then direct the state attorney general to file in the Supreme Court of the United States, "A Complaint for Declaratory Judgement, Injunction and other Equitable Relief", against the Secretary General, United Nations Organization, under authority of 'Original Jurisdiction', Article III, section 2, Constitution of the United States (see, "Sovereign States Power Line Direct to U.S. Supreme Court Under Original Jurisdiction", page 3, enclosed bulletin).

Draft brief, prepared by Judge J. J. Boesel (ret) available from Committee to Restore the Constitution for adoption by your state attorney general when appropriate.

Committee members may order free self-adhesive labels of state lawmakers (at home addresses). Send draft of your 'letter of instruction' to Committee to Restore the Constitution, Inc., Post Office Box 986, Fort Collins, Colorado USA 80522. Multiple reproduction of your letter by local business service is recommended.

Order sufficient copies of March 1997 Committee bulletin #422 for inclusion with each 'letter of instruction' to your state legislators.

I will help you execute your mission, vital to preservation of the Republic and restoration of freedoms of person and property guaranteed to you by its Constitution.

Fraternally,

Archibald E. Roberts, LtCol, AUS, ret, Director

*"It would be manifestly contrary to the objectives of those who created the Constitution... let alone alien to our entire constitutional history and tradition to construe Article VI as permitting the United States to exercise power under an international agreement without observing constitutional prohibitions. In effect, such a construction would permit amendment of that document in a manner not sanctioned by Article V (of the Constitution)".*

REID V COVERT 354, U.S. 1, (1957)

See Over Leaf

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March 1997

#422

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## OKLAHOMA'S 1.2 BILLION DOLLAR CHALLENGE\*

Oklahoma's House of Representatives, in its Resolution 1047 of March 26, 1994 gave Congress direct orders. (House Resolution #1047, page 2). One order said to Congress, "Cease rendering aid to any activity or engagement under the jurisdiction of the United Nations or any World Body."

Congress disobeyed this order and promptly appropriated 1.2 billion dollars for payment to the United Nations.

What remedy does the Constitution provide for Oklahoma to enforce its Sovereign will by terminating the United Nations and to recover this 1.2 billion dollars?

The Constitution gives Oklahoma a clear answer, where it provides the States a direct power line to bring such a dispute between a Sovereign State and the Federal Government directly to the U.S. Supreme Court (Original Jurisdiction, page 3).

The dispute is between a State order—Resolution 1047 and a Treaty. For the 1.2 billion dollars was provided by Congress... under the UN Treaty.

If the Treaty was "made under the authority of the United States", as required by Article VI (the Supremacy Clause) THEN it is a valid Treaty and will prevail over Oklahoma's state order. In such event, Oklahoma could not recover the 1.2 billion dollars.

On the other hand, if the Treaty was made BEYOND "the authority of the United States", then the Treaty is unconstitutional and void and Oklahoma can have the Court order the UN to repay this sum to the U.S. Treasurer because Congress cannot pay any U.S. funds under

a void Treaty.

Was this UN Treaty... "made under the authority of the United States?" My research shows this question has never been answered by the Court. If this is true, then this is a case of first impression for the Court and in my opinion the Court would be inclined to decide this question for this reason alone.

Does this Treaty or any laws passed pursuant to the Treaty change or amend the provisions of the Constitution? If so, then the Treaty and these laws are void. This is the result declared by the Supreme Court over 100 years ago, when it ruled, "A treaty cannot change the Constitution or be held valid if it be in violation of that document." *Foster v Neilson* (1826) 2 Pet 314.2

Moreover in the more recent case of *Reid v Covert* (1957), 354 U.S. the Court prohibited any changes or amendments to the Constitution placed in effect without the consent of the States, where it said, "It would be manifestly contrary to the objectives of those who created the Constitution, let alone alien to our Constitutional history and tradition to construe Article VI (the Supremacy Clause) as permitting the United States to exercise power under an international agreement, without observing Constitutional prohibitions. In effect such construction would permit amendment of that document in a manner not sanctioned by Article V." The States have rarely proposed amendments to the Constitution before they can take effect.

This UN Treaty, and laws passed pursuant to the Treaty without the consent of the States (Dec 94 Media Bypass lists five, including the recent U.S. troop order of the President turning them over to UN foreign command... an order Attorney Phyllis Schalafly writes is "...the most unconstitutional transfer of power in the



JUDGE J. J. BOESEL, retired Municipal Judge, Wapakoneta, Ohio, is a graduate of Ohio State University and University of Michigan Law School.

Judge Boesel is a former Professor of Constitutional Law, Capitol University Law School, Columbus, Ohio.

A retired Army Colonel he served with the 4th Infantry Division, World War II, which made the assault landing on D-Day, Utah Beach, Normandy.

Married fifty-four years, he and Mrs Boesel have three daughters and two granddaughters.

Judge Boesel is a member, Committee to Restore the Constitution,

history of America.")<sup>1</sup>

The State law of Oklahoma provides the House of Representatives with a ready-made vehicle to challenge this UN Treaty. It requires the Oklahoma Attorney General to go to Court when requested by the Governor or either branch of the Legislature. (Feb 95 Media Bypass view of TENTH AMENDMENT TEAMS to produce State actions, where the Legislature declares its Sovereign will and its Attorney General enforces that will in the Supreme Court).

\* By Judge J. J. Boesel, reprinted courtesy Jim Thomas, President, Media Bypass Magazine..

(continued on page 2)

OKLAHOMA (continued)

Will Oklahoma's House have its Attorney General obtain a Supreme Court declaration that the UN Treaty is unconstitutional and void and force the UN to repay the 1.2 billion dollar give-away?

It looks like there is everything to gain and nothing to lose. For the United Nations Treaty is here and the United Nations is in place and has been for fifty years. Further, the 1.2 billion has gone down the tubes, along with uncounted billions of taxpayer

dollars the Congress has given the UN ever since its beginning following WW II.

*1 See, "Presidential Decision Directive", 3 May, 1994 (State Department Summary), October 1994 Bulletin, Committee to Restore the Constitution.*

**HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 1047  
STATE OF OKLAHOMA  
2nd Session of the 44th Legislature (1994)**

**By:** Monks, Adair, Apple, Breckinridge, Caldwell, Campbell, Coleman, Cotner, Cozort, Culver, Dunegan, Erwin, Ferguson, Fields, Gates, Graves, Greenwood, Hefner, Henshaw, Hilliard, Holt, Hutchison, Kinnamon, Kirby, Mass, Matlock, Mitchell, Paulk, Perry, Phillips, Rhodes (Dusty), Satterfield, Smith (Bill), Stottlemire, Sullivan, Vaughn (George), Vaughn (Ray), Voskuhl, Weaver, Webb, Weese, Widener and Worthen

**AS INTRODUCED**

A Resolution relating to United States military forces and the United Nations; memorializing Congress to cease certain activities concerning the United Nations; and directing distribution.

WHEREAS, President Clinton has affirmed that his foreign policy regarding the deployment of United States military forces under the authority of the United Nations will bear little change from that of his predecessor; and

WHEREAS, the constitutional role of the United States military is to protect the life, liberty and property of United States citizens and to defend our nation against insurrection or foreign invasion; and

WHEREAS, the United States is an independent sovereign nation and not a tributary of the United Nations; and

WHEREAS, there is no popular support for the establishment of a "new world order" or world sovereignty of any kind either under the United Nations or under any world body in any form of global government; and

WHEREAS, global government would mean the destruction of our Constitution and corruption of the spirit of the Declaration of Independence, our freedom, and our way of life.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 2ND SESSION OF THE 44TH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE:

THAT the United States Congress is hereby memorialized to:

1. Cease the appropriation of United States funds for any military activity not authorized by Congress;
2. Cease engagement in any military activity under the authority of the United Nations or any world body;
3. Cease the rendering of aid to any activity or engagement under the jurisdiction of the United Nations or any world body; and
4. Cease any support for the establishment of a "new world order" or to any form of global government.

THAT the United States Congress is hereby memorialized to refrain from taking any further steps toward the economic or political merger of the United States into a world body or any form of world government.

THAT copies of this resolution be distributed to the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the Secretary of the United States Senate, and to each member of the Oklahoma Congressional Delegation.

44-2-9206 MCD 1/23/97

Adopted 26 March, 1994

**UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT \*  
RESTORES STATE - FEDERAL POWER BALANCE**

**Law of Principal & Agent**

States are not mere subdivisions of the United States. State governments are neither regional offices nor administrative agencies of the federal government. The positions occupied by state officials appear nowhere on the federal government's organizational chart. The Constitution, "The Federalist No. 39, page 245 (C. Rossiter ed.

1961) reserved sovereignty to the States under the Tenth Amendment."

Whatever the outer limits of the sovereignty may be, one thing is clear, the federal government may not compel the states to enact or administer a federal regulatory program. "Where Congress exceeds its authority relative to the states, departure from the constitutional plan cannot be ratified by "consent" of state officials."

So wrote Justice Sandra Day O'Connor in the case of NY v. US, 112 S. Ct., 2408 (1992), (at pages 2434, 2435 and head note 18). And so the Court held the "take title" provision of Congress' Low Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act lies outside the Tenth Amendment.

According to this case, the states in their sovereign capacities are no longer "agencies" of the federal government; the shoe is on the other foot. The states are the Principals and the federal government is the "agent" of the sovereign states.

Colorado and Oklahoma have already acted as sovereigns in the two Resolutions listed herein. Colorado in declaring its sovereignty grounded on this case declares

\* By Judge J. J. Boesel, reprinted courtesy Jim Thomas, President, Media Bypass Magazine..

(continued on page 3)

## SUPREME COURT (continued)

the federal government to be its "agent". Oklahoma declares it shall no longer be subject to the "Federal Regulatory Program" of the United Nations as brought about by the UN Treaty.

Both States are on sound constitutional ground. Colorado acts as sovereign in its capacity as principal based upon this NY case. Oklahoma rejects further military or funding support by Congress of the UN Treaty. Oklahoma's action has four grounds for rejecting the UN Treaty as beyond the powers of the Executive and Senate making it unconstitutional and void, and therefore incapable of receiving any further U.S. military or funding support.

An analysis of the U.N. Treaty shows it has, together with laws passed in pursuance thereof, amended the Constitution four times... five counting President Clinton's recent turn-over of U.S. troops to United Nations command... an act clearly beyond his powers to delegate his duty as Commander in Chief under Art. II of the Constitution. Attorney & columnist Phyllis Schlafly refers to this "turn-over" order as the most unconstitutional transfer of power in the history of America (see Copley News Service item).

These four fatal amendments to the Constitution made by the U.N. Treaty and laws passed pursuant to it, violate the Supreme Court rule that... "treaties and laws passed pursuant to them must comply with the Constitution." *Reid v Covert*, 354 U.S. 1 (1957). Moreover, the Treaty and laws passed pursuant to it cannot change or amend the Constitution, "It would be manifestly contrary to the objectives of those who created the Constitution... let alone alien to our entire constitutional history and tradition to construe Article VI

(the supremacy clause) as permitting the United States to exercise power under an international agreement without observing constitutional prohibitions. In effect, such construction would permit amendment of that document in a manner not sanctioned by Article V;" *Reid v Covert*, supra.

The first defective amendment was brought into being by Article 36 of the Treaty. There it is stated... that "The International Court of Justice shall have jurisdiction over all cases involving the interpretation of a Treaty." This violates Art III, Sec. 2 U.S. Constitution which gives the Federal Judiciary power over all cases involving treaties "made under the authority of the United States."

The Second defective amendment was placed in effect by the United Nations General Assembly resolution made in pursuance of the Treaty, setting up a UN Income Tax, with the apparent consent of the Senate subcommittee on the UN Charter (Senate Doc. 87). This violates the Sixteenth Amendment which gives to Congress only the power to tax income and provides for no delegation of this taxing power to the UN or any person or corporation, international or other-wise. It has already been held the United Nations is not a state, and hence has no inherent power to tax. *U.S. v Melekh*, D.C. N.Y. 190 F. Supp (19670).

The third defective amendment was put in place by the Act of Congress called The International Organizations Immunities Act, passed pursuant to the Treaty. This Act gives immunities from suit to all UN employees and foreign ambassadors, ministers and consuls on missions to the UN, unless they waive their immunity. This immunities law violates Art. III Sec. 2, U.S. Const. which says "in all cases involving ambassadors, other public ministers and

4  
consuls, and cases in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction." No immunities are found in this original jurisdiction of the Court, nor anywhere else in the Constitution. This violates *Marbury v Madison*, 1 Cranch 137 (1803) which had this same original jurisdiction section before it. It held that the Congress could not change or amend the original jurisdiction conferred by the Constitution.

The Fourth defective amendment was put in place by Article 43 of the Treaty which says... "All members of the United Nations... undertake to make available to the Security Council... ON ITS CALL (emphasis added), armed forces, assistance and facilities." This Article transfers to the UN Security Council the war power given Congress by Art. 1, Sec. 8, U.S. Constitution. Nowhere in the Constitution is any authority given to the national government to delegate this war power, the income taxing power or the President's power as Commander in Chief.

This analysis of the UN Treaty lends full support to Oklahoma in its order to the federal government to cease further support to the United Nations, for its Treaty is clearly unconstitutional.

"The prohibitions of the Constitution were designed to apply to all branches of the National Government, and they cannot be nullified by the Executive, or by the Executive and the Senate combined." *Reid v. Covert*, (supra).

God bless Justice O'Connor for her loyalty to her oath of office for defending the Constitution and for giving the green light to the States... as Principals with constitutional power to correct the acts of their "agent", the government when it strays beyond its limited powers given it by the Constitution.

## ORIGINAL JURISDICTION SOVEREIGN STATE'S POWER LINE DIRECT TO SUPREME COURT\*

The U.S. Supreme Court has two different kinds of jurisdiction. Original and appellate.

Jurisdiction is the legal authority to decide a lawsuit brought before a Court. This is the first question the Court has to decide... does this Court have the legal authority to decide this lawsuit? If it does, it will hear and decide the case. If it does not have jurisdiction over the case to hear and decide it, it will dismiss the case.

Now, what is ORIGINAL jurisdiction? This is the kind where the Court has power

to hear the case began in it. The case starts there.

On the other hand APPELLATE jurisdiction is the legal authority to REVIEW a case begun in a lower court. If the parties are not satisfied with the decision of say the FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT they may appeal to the Circuit Court of Appeals... this is the first level of review of the lower court's decision.

If the parties are not satisfied with the decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals, they may then appeal to the U.S. Supreme Court. If the Supreme Court decides to take

jurisdiction and hear the appeal, they will allow what is called a writ of certiorari... send the case up to the Supreme Court.

But if the Supreme Court decides NOT TO REVIEW the decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals, that is the end of the case. What ever the Court of Appeals decided becomes the final law of the case.

Now let's examine the ORIGINAL JURISDICTION of the U.S. Supreme Court. The Supreme Court is given its ORIGINAL jurisdiction by the U.S. Constitution, and in an early case, *Marbury v Madison*, 1 Cranch 137 (1803) the Court held that Congress cannot add to or change the ORIGINAL jurisdiction given the Court by the Constitution.

Here is the Constitution's grant of ORIGINAL JURISDICTION: ARTICLE

(continued on page 4)

\* By Judge J. J. Boesel

## III, SECTION 2:

...(omitting non-relevant parts)

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and Consuls, *and those in which a State shall be a party*, the Supreme Court shall have *original jurisdiction* (emphasis added),

"In all other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction..."

You can see how the States are granted a power line directly to the Supreme Court. Where a State has a case to file, the State may go directly to the Supreme Court and start the case there. There is no need to start with the lower echelon of the Federal District, and proceed with appeal after appeal. True, the Congress has given to the Federal District Courts CONCURRENT ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, but this does not take away the State's constitutional option to START the case directly in the Supreme Court. Congress cannot touch this ORIGINAL JURISDICTION given the Supreme Court

by this section of the Constitution.

It is time for the States to come alive and become aware of their power line directly to the Supreme Court, now that JUSTICE Sandra Day O'Connor has declared a renewed rule on the government power relation between the States and the Federal Government. She put it this way:

"Where Congress exceeds its authority relative to the States, departure from the constitutional plan cannot be ratified by "consent" of State officials."

NY v US, 112 S. Ct. 2408 (1992).

It is a renewed rule applied by JUSTICE O'Connor's Court to those acts... "where Congress exceeds its authority relative to the States." The States are the Principals and the Federal Government is the Agent,... whose acts cannot amount to a "...departure from the constitutional plan."

Although JUSTICE O'Connor's Court did not refer to the early statement of the rule of *Burton v U.S.*, (1906), her decision clearly confirmed the *Burton* rule that U.S. Senators... "do not hold their places under

the Government of the United States, but its members are chosen by the State legislatures."

"While the Senate, as a branch of the legislative department owes its existence to the Constitution and passes laws which concern the entire country, its members are chosen by the State legislatures, and cannot be said to hold their places under the Government of the United States."

*Burton v U.S.* (1906) 202 U.S. 344

Now that Senators are chosen by the people of the States the same as members of the House, they are merely agents of the States temporarily assigned to duty in Congress.

The States have a Constitutional power line direct to the U.S. Supreme Court and will not "ratify" or "consent" to the acts of their agents in Congress, when they... "make departures from the Constitutional plan" but are powerfully equipped to stop these "departures" in their tracks, with cases filed directly in the Supreme Court.

(Go back to page 3, "Original Jurisdiction.")

## THE UNITED NATIONS TREATY \* WELCOME TO THE NEW WORLD ORDER

The Supreme Court has declared that "Treaties and laws passed pursuant to treaties must comply with the Constitution." Further, not only must they comply with the Constitution, they cannot change or AMEND the Constitution, for an Amendment must be done only with the consent of 3/4 of the states.

But there are four defective amendments made by the United Nations Treaty and laws passed pursuant to the Treaty without the consent of the states. That is why they are defective amendments. (This treaty is made up of two documents: the United Nations Charter and the Statute of the International Court of Justice.)

The first defective amendment has brought a transfer of the Supreme Court judicial power over Treaties to the International Court of Justice.

Article thirty-six of the treaty brought this about. For it says "The International Court of Justice shall have jurisdiction over all cases involving the interpretation of a treaty."

However, our Constitution gives the Supreme Court judicial power over all cases involving a treaty. Article III, Sec 2

of the Constitution says the Supreme Court's judicial power shall include all cases involving three documents: The Constitution, laws of Congress passed, pursuant to the Constitution, and treaties." So you can see this Treaty gives away one-third of the Supreme Courts judicial power.

The second defective amendment is the United Nations income tax, passed by law of the General Assembly of the UN forty years ago. It was consented to by U.S. Senate Document 87, Jan. 1954 under Senate Resolution 126-the Senate sub-committee on the UN Charter.

This law refunded the UN employees four years Federal income Tax they had previously paid... estimated at 6.5 million dollars.

This United Nations income tax amends the Sixteenth Amendment of the Constitution, which gives only Congress the power to tax incomes. The third defective amendment was by a law of Congress passed pursuant to the treaty. It is called the International Organizations Immunities Act. This Act gives the United Nations employees and ambassadors, public ministers and consuls of foreign nations on missions to the United Nations Immunity from suit, unless they waive their immunity.

This Immunities Act amends the

constitutional power given to the Supreme Court over these foreign agents and employees. The Constitution, says in ARTICLE III, Sec. 2: "in all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and all cases in which a state shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction." That simply means the case may be brought by states directly in the Supreme Court. Notice that this section of the Constitution provides for *No Immunities* for these people. So this Immunities Act of Congress amends this section of the Constitution because the Constitution provides for *No Immunities*.

The fourth defective amendment is the Treaty's transfer of Congress's war powers to the United Nations Security Council, for the Treaty says in Article 42: "Should the Security Council consider that measures provided for in Article 41 would be inadequate, it may take action by air, sea, or land forces, as may be necessary to restore international peace and security." Article 43 of the Treaty says: "All members of the United Nations... undertake to make available to the Security Council,... on its call, Armed Forces, Assistance and Facilities."

Since the Constitution gives only Congress the power to declare war (Art. I, Sec. 8) this is the most dangerous. It permits U.S. troops under foreign commanders... as we saw in the undeclared wars of Korea, Viet Nam,

\* By Judge J. J. Boesel, reprinted courtesy Jim Thomas, President, Media Bypass magazine, Box 456, 2554 Lincoln Blvd, Marina Del Rey, CA 90291

UN TREATY (continued)

Persian Gulf, and Somalia. There is a remedy for these four defective amendments... state action.

Since these four defective amendments have been placed in effect by the Treaty without the consent of the states, any state may object and file a case directly in the Supreme Court to establish a decision that this UN Treaty and laws passed pursuant to the Treaty are unconstitutional and void.

If the Supreme Court finds these four do amend the Constitution as just stated, it will declare the United Nations Treaty, and all laws passed pursuant to the Treaty unconstitutional and void.

Such a decision by the Supreme Court will shut down the United Nations forever and restore the Sovereignty of this land.

Such a lawsuit has been prepared over the last twenty years, pro bono for any state to act. A sovereign state must act, because a plain taxpayer has no standing to come into the federal court and raise any constitutional issues. I know because twenty years ago I filed a similar lawsuit in the Federal District Court of Columbus, Ohio... It was a class action suit against the United Nations on behalf of all taxpayers. But the Court said there was no standing for a taxpayer to raise any constitutional issues. And so dismissed the

case without looking into the issues.

### Insolvency of the United Nations

This lawsuit also claims the United Nations is insolvent and unable to pay its just debts, and so asks the Court to appoint a receiver to wind up the affairs of the United Nations; collect all its assets and pay off its creditors. The largest creditor is the United States.

To give you a picture of just how insolvent the United Nations is, Mr. Boutros Boutros Ghali, the Secretary General who told his story to the NEW YORK TIMES, reprinted in the Columbus Dispatch on August 29, 1993. Under this title, "STRAPPED FOR CASH, UN CUTS BACK TILL DEADBEAT COUNTRIES PAY UP" Ghali warned "that the United Nations could run out of cash this week".

Secretary General Boutros Butrous Ghali has outlined an AUSTERITY PROGRAM to "curtail night and weekend meetings, trim travel and reduce the use of translators and consultants."

"The organization runs from hand to mouth", he told the General Assembly's committee on financial matters Thursday. He continued "There is nothing new about that. But today it is unprecedented, and it is intolerable" (The dictionary says

"intolerable" means "unbearable.") He further stated "the organization has monthly expenditures of \$310 million."

If we pause here a moment and do a little arithmetic, we will see that \$310 million per month is \$10 million per day. And the year's budget, 12 times that \$310 million, is three billion, six hundred million dollars.

Ghali says "the United States owes \$268 million of peacekeeping and \$518 million in dues."... "The cash in hand will cover requirements only through the first week of September, without any further payments to troop contributors. Unless a substantial portion of these debts are covered within 30 days, the organization will be unable to undertake any new operations and existing operations will be in jeopardy."

\* \* \* \* \*

Although there are 188 member states in the United Nations, the United States pays 25% of the annual budget of 3 billion 600 million dollars. Our U.S. taxpayers annual share is 900 million. You would think Mr. Boutros Boutros Gahli would have a spark of gratitude toward the United States. Instead he calls us a "dead beat country."

## CITIZEN ACTION REQUIRED

General reaction of the muzzled majority to increasing exploitation and oppression has been a defense of the status quo. yet, it must be clear that a political system perpetually on the defense is doomed to ultimate defeat. Somewhere, somehow, we must counterattack!

Your leadership and inspiration is needed now to reverse the mindless march toward a socialist America.

### Grasp this opportunity to harness state powers to your struggle for survival in the United Nations 'new world order'.

Order copies of Committee bulletin #422, "Oklahoma's 1.2 Billion Dollar Challenge" for personal distribution to members of your state legislature.

Enclose with bulletin 'letter of instruction' directing introduction and passage of a concurrent resolution identical to the Oklahoma House Resolution #1047, "A Resolution relating to the United States military forces and the United Nations memorializing Congress to crease certain activities concerning the United Nations and directing distribution".

Inform state lawmakers that the Constitution of the United States gives your State a direct line to bring any dispute between a Sovereign State and the Federal Government directly to the United States Supreme Court for adjudication under provisions of 'Law of Principal vs Agent' (Art III, section 2, Constitution of the United States).

1. Your State is a Principal under the constitutional contract.
2. Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments of the Federal Government are Agents of your State.
3. The people, source of all political power, are responsible for instructing state elected officials to direct their agents in Washington to confine the functions of government to limitations defined in the Constitution.

Upon passage of 'Oklahoma' memorial in your State, the State Attorney General may file with the U.S. Supreme Court, "A Complaint for Declaratory Judgement, Injunction and other Equitable Relief", against the Secretary General, United Nations Organization.

Draft brief, prepared by Judge Boesel, available from Committee to Restore the Constitution when appropriate.

Objective: "Cease rendering aid to any activity or engagement under jurisdiction of the United Nations or any World Body".

The Committee will assist you in launching your State campaign.

### MAKE A PLACE FOR YOU AND YOUR DESCENDANTS IN TOMORROW'S AMERICA.

Act before the window of opportunity slams shut!

COMMITTEE TO RESTORE THE CONSTITUTION, Inc.  
P.O. Box 986, Fort Collins, CO 80522

1st Session

Establishing a commission to study the creation of a standing international military force under the United Nations Charter.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 16 (legislative day, March 3), 1993

Mr. Boren introduced

the following joint resolution;

which was read twice and referred to

the Committee on Foreign Relations

Joint Resolution

Establishing a commission to study the creation of a standing international military force under the United Nations Charter.

Whereas the end of the Cold War allows the United States to share the burden of maintaining collective security;

Whereas the role of the United Nations has accordingly expanded in recent years;

Whereas under Article 43 of the United Nations Charter, the Secretary General is authorized to negotiate agreements for the creation of a multinational standing military force, to be used for peacekeeping and peace enforcement;

Whereas the United States should take a leadership role in the creation of a multinational peacekeeping force, so that the burdens of maintaining international security are more equitably shared;

Whereas the President, the Secretary of State, the Ambassador to the United Nations, and the Director of Central Intelligence have already articulated support for the creation of a United Nations Rapid Deployment Force similar to the forces contemplated under Article 43; and

Whereas there remain many unresolved questions about how the United States would implement an agreement to participate in an Article 43 force: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.

There is established the "Commission on United States Participation in a Permanent United Nations Participation in a Permanent United Nations Peacekeeping Force" (hereafter in this joint resolution referred to as the "Commission").

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION.

(a) IN GENERAL - The Commission shall be composed of 14 members, as follows:

- (1) The Secretary of Defense or designee.
(2) The Secretary of State or designee.
(3) The Director of Central Intelligence or designee.
(4) The Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs or designee.

(5) The Permanent Representatives of the United States to the United Nations or designee.

(6) Three members appointed by the President from among individuals in the private sector having expertise in international peacekeeping activities.

(7) Three Members of the House of Representatives, of whom two shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House and one shall be appointed by the Minority Leader, or their designees.

(8) Three Members of the Senate appointed by the President pro tempore, of whom two shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the Majority Leader and one shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the Minority Leader, or their designees.

(b) CHAIR - The Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs or designee shall serve as Chair of the Commission.

(c) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT; VACANCIES - Members shall be appointed for the life of the Commission. Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

(d) INITIAL MEETING - No later than 10 days after the date on which all members of the Commission have been appointed, the Commission shall hold its first meeting.

(e) MEETINGS - The Commission shall meet at the call of the Chairman.

(f) QUORUM - A majority of the members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number of members may hold hearings.

SECTION 3. RESPONSIBILITIES.

The Commission shall study, and make recommendations regarding, the steps that are necessary for the United States to participate in the creation of a standing international military force under Article 43 of the United Nations Charter.

SECTION 4. REPORT.

Not later than 120 days after the first meeting held by the Commission, the Commission shall submit a report to Congress on its findings and recommendations, including recommendations on the following issues: cost, military mission, logistics, intelligence sharing, training, equipment, and war powers and other Constitutional issues.

SECTION 5. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.

(a) HEARINGS - The Commission may hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, and receive such evidence as the commission considers advisable to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(b) INFORMATION FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES - The Commission may secure directly from any Federal department or agency such information as the Commission considers necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act. Upon request of the Chairman of the Commission, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information to the

Commission.

(c) POSTAL SERVICES - The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the Federal Government.

SECTION 6. COMMISSION PERSONNEL MATTERS.

(a) RAVEL EXPENSES - The members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission.

(b) STAFF -

(1) IN GENERAL - The Chairman of the Commission may, without regard to the civil service laws and regulations, appoint and terminate an executive director and such other additional personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to perform its duties. The employment of an executive director shall be subject to confirmation by the Commission.

(2) COMPENSATION - The Chairman of the Commission may fix the compensation of the executive director and other personnel without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to classification of positions and General Schedule pay rates, except that the rate of pay for the executive director and other personnel may not exceed the rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title.

(c) DETAIL OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES - Any Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Commission without reimbursement, and such detail shall be without interruption or loss of civil service status or privilege.

(d) PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND INTERMITTENT SERVICES - The chairman of the Commission may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individuals which do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title.

SECTION 7. TERMINATION OF THE COMMISSION.

The Commission shall terminate 10 days after the date on which the Commission submits its report under section 4.

SECTION 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL - There are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1994 to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(b) AVAILABILITY - Any sums appropriated under the authorization contained in this section shall remain available, without fiscal year limitation, until expended.

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2

## MODEL 'LETTER OF INSTRUCTION'

To: (insert your state) State Lawmaker

Ref: A State Resolution to Provide for Enforcement of the Constitution

Dear State Lawmaker,

Your attention is invited to accompanying publication, "Oklahoma's 1.2 Billion Dollar Challenge", model text for state action to enforce state sovereignty by terminating United Nations operations in the United States and recover billions in tax-dollars illegally paid to the UN by Congress.

See text, page 2, "A Resolution relating to the United States military forces and the United Nations; memorializing Congress to cease certain activities concerning the United Nations; and directing distribution", Oklahoma State Resolution #1047, adopted 26 March, 1994.

Upon adoption of the 'termination' memorial you must direct the state attorney general to file in the Supreme Court of the United States, "A Complaint for Declaratory Judgement, Injunction and other Equitable Relief", against the Secretary General, United Nations Organization, under authority of 'Original Jurisdiction', Article III, section 2, Constitution of the United States (see, "Sovereign States Powerline Direct to U.S. Supreme Court Under Original Jurisdiction", page 3 enclosed publication.)

Draft brief, prepared by Judge J. J. Boesel (ret), available from Committee to Restore the Constitution for adoption by the state attorney general when appropriate.

The people of this State are burdened by illegal acts by its Federal agents, and their surrender of the powers of government to foreign interests, because this State has not repudiated the attempts of its agents in Washington to act beyond their authority.

I urgently request that you apply your political leadership to defend my person and property against political revolutionaries in Washington:

1. Introduce a resolution identical to Oklahoma's, "Resolution relating to the United States military forces and the United Nations; memorializing Congress to cease certain activities concerning the United Nations; and directing distribution".
2. Direct the state attorney general, immediately upon passage of the State resolution, to file in the Supreme Court of the United States, "A Complaint for Declaratory Judgement, Injunction and other Equitable Relief", against the Secretary General, United Nations Organization.

Your response on action taken is requested.

Respectfully,

(signature)

type name and address

Late communication from Peter Valentine

Whereas it appears that the 3/17/97 meeting of the council is quite full in its agenda and including the possibility that there may be many public speakers.

And whereas the Mayor might order that the time for public speaking be limited to under ten minutes.

And whereas as the matter I'm trying to convey is of a complex nature and requires appropriate time for its deliverance therefore

I am resubmitting my communication to the next council meeting 3/24/97.

Thank you ,

3/17/97

*Peter Valentine*  
*NOIC*

RECEIVED BY  
OFFICE OF CITY CLERK  
97 MAR 17 PM 1:45  
CAMBRIDGE MA.

*Dear Margaret,*  
*have submitted*  
*new communication*  
*H.V.*

Consent Communication #2

S-161

Communication was received from Peter Valentine, transmitting the National Officer's report and order in defense of the Constitution requesting that the City Council assume its duty to uphold and defend the Constitution

In City Council March 24, 1997

**PLACED ON FILE**